Cambria Freeman.

L. M'PIKE, Editor and Publisher.

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VOLUME 5. EBENSBURG, PA., SATURDAY, MAY 20, 1871. NUMBER 16.

New Advertisements.

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...ly patronized by Young Men than ...for a Business or Academic Educa... ...College, Poughkeepsie, N.Y. It ...and, most reasonable Practical School ...States, and the only one providing ...for Graduates. Refer to patrons in ... Address E. G. EASTMAN, L.L.D., President.

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...The Pittsburgh (Pa.) *Leader*, in its issue of ...March 30th, says: "The firm of G. P. Rowell & ...Co. possesses this interesting and valuable ...list in the largest and best Advertising Agen... ...cy in the United States, and we can cheerfully ...call the attention of those who de... ...sire to advertise their business scientifically ...and economically in such a way: that is, ...to secure the largest amount of publicity ...for the least expenditure of money."

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J. SCANLAN, *Attorney-at-Law,* ...Ebensburg, Cambria Co., Pa. All man... ...ner of business attended to promptly and ...Collections a specialty.

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14 Lewis Shank	7 50		
ALLEGHENY TOWNSHIP.			
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H Blume, "	15 00
G J Schawderer, Washington Township	15 50

AN APPEAL will be held at the office of the Treasurer, at Ebensburg, on **Monday, June 5th, 1871.** A. D. CRISTE, May 13, 1871.-4t. *Mercantile Appraiser.*

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of Jeremiah McGonigle, dec'd.

Letters Testamentary to the Estate of JEREMIAH MCGONIGLE, late of Washington township, Cambria county, having been granted to the undersigned by the Register of said county, all persons having claims against the estate of said decedent are hereby notified to present the same duly probated for settlement, and those indebted thereto are required to make payment without unnecessary delay.

ANNA B. MCGONIGLE, JNO. E. SCANLAN, } *Executors.*

April 15, 1871.-6t.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of RICHARD BENNETT, dec'd.

Letters Testamentary to the estate of Rich'd Bennett, late of Cambria township, dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned by the Register of Cambria county, notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to said estate that prompt payment must be made, and to those having claims against the same that they must present their accounts in proper shape for settlement. EVAN BENNETT, Executor.

Cambria Twp., April 29, 1871.-4t.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of MICHAEL DURBIN, dec'd.

Whereas Letters of Administration on the estate of Mich'l Durbin, late of Clearfield township, Cambria county, dec'd, have been granted to the undersigned, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against said estate to present them legally authenticated for settlement, and those indebted to the same are requested to make payment without delay.

JOHN H. DOUGLASS, Adm'r.

St. Augustine, April 29, 1871.-4t.*

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.—

Notice is hereby given that I have purchased 2 Gray Horses, 1 Wagon, 1 Windmill, Horse Gears, 2 Cows, 4 Hogs, Plow, Harrow and Log Chains at private sale, and have left the same in the possession of Charles H. Stitzel at my residence. All persons are therefore warned against interfering with said property in any manner whatsoever. HENRY HOPPLE.

Carroll Twp., May 6, 1871.-3t.

GEO. W. OATMAN & CO., ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, Ebensburg, Cambria Co., Pa. The collection of notes and bills, whether due or past due, will receive prompt attention.

Original Poetry.

LINES.

Inscribed, with deepest sympathy, to Mrs. E. L——

The summer day, that rest and radiance gave
To earth and sky and sea,
Had shed its glory o'er an open grave,
That soon the rest should be
Of one who wearied in the early morn
Of life's short, troubled day,
And, e'er its noon, was still and silent borne,
From all its cares, away.

The sun was high, upon the coffin lid
We saw his splendor fall:
And 'neath it lay a vanish'd treasure hid,
Beyond our lips' recall.
Above, the mourners bent in silent grief,
A child among them, one,
A child in years, but in sublime belief
To more than manhood grown.

The rites were over, earth to earth consign'd,
The tearful prayers were said;
The grave was left, another link to bind
The living and the dead.
And, Oh! what mem'ries dimmed again their eyes
As nearer home they drew,
The child among them, nearer paradise
Than only angels, knew.

The days went by and oft beside her grave
His sister's rest he prayed,
While summer's mornings rest and radiance gave,
And autumn's rest and shade;
And, through the winter, when the shorten'd days,
Their wings of storm outspread,
He sought how oft, with long and loving gaze,
Her snow enshrouded bed.

And now 'tis spring, but here he prays no more,
The mourners once again
Have gather'd here all silent as before,
But fewer now than then.
His soul, that looked to Heav'n with humble faith
When sorrow's hand oppressed,
The saints have carried through the gates of death,
To Heaven's unending rest. LINNET.

Tales, Sketches, Anecdotes, &c.

THE SWITCH-TENDER'S STORY.

It ran thus: "It's nigh onto eleven years, sir, since I came on this road. For the first three years I was brakesman, and if I had stuck to it I might have become a conductor by this time—who knows.—My character was good and I've always been a steady man, but you see it wasn't to be. My old womau always objected to me running on the train, it kept me so much away from home, not to speak of the danger, and at the end of the third year, when our little boy was born, she begged so hard to give it up that I consented, and the company put me in this place, where I've been ever since. It's not hard, I've only got to tend one switch and do odd jobs about the depot, the pay is just the same as what I got before, only there's no chance for promotion, but then I'm always at home, which makes it up. I live only a little way across the bridge, in the outskirts of the town, yonder, on the other side of the river—a small white house with an elm tree in the yard. You can see it from the other end of the switch.

"So you think the river is very beautiful at this season of the year? Well, sir, I dare say it is. I thought so once myself; but I don't take my pleasure in looking at it now, nor have I done so for many a day. Its green banks and its clear water, with the sunshine sparkling on it, only makes it seem the crueler to me, as if it laughed over the misery it has caused to human beings; but my opinions haven't got anything to do with what you come to ask me about so I'll try and get to the point at once.

"It will be three years come Monday, the 13th of next month, which is May, that after eatin' my breakfast and smokin' my pipe, which latter operation I generally gits through with about seven o'clock, I started across the bridge, takin' with me my little boy, Willie, who was at this time just risin' o' five years. He was awfully tickled at the idea of bein' allowed to go out with me, as his mother kept him mostly around the house, havin' like nearly all women, great fear of the trains. I don't think, sir, I ever seen a finer mornin'—the sun well nigh up, but not too warm, with a white cloud here and there in the blue sky, the trees and grass green and fresh, and glistenin' with the dew, and underneath us the river flowin' bright and clear, just as you see it now, sir. My heart felt light, and havin' nothin' on my mind—I had just finished payin' for my house the week before—I began to think on comparin' my troubles with my blessings that after all it would be hard to find a better place than this same much-abused world we live in.

"The time-table was a little different then from what it is now. The freight train came down at 7:30 a. m., switched off, and waited for the express to go by, which followed in fifteen minutes later. I reached the switch about ten minutes ahead of time—I always do—and sittin' down on the tie, I filled a fresh pipe and smoked away, while little Willie gathered pebbles, and throwing 'em in the water, laughed and shouted at the splashes they made.

"Finally growin' bolder, he ventured to the river's edge, and pluckin' one of the lilies that grew there in abundance, he came in great glee and laid it at my feet. I put the flower carefully in my packet so as not to bruise it, intending to show it to his mother. He lisped out that pretty blue ones grew further down, and begged to go and get one of them; but as it was almost time for the train, I refused my permission, and taking him some ten or fifteen yards from the track, sat him down at the foot of a tree—the maple yonder—and bade him remain there till I called.

"The time for the train came and passed, and still no signs of it. I grew nervous and did not notice my boy. Minute after minute passed away, and at last when I began to be certain that some accident had occurred it hove in sight just five minutes before the express train was due, which I knew could not be more than two miles behind. I saw at once the cause of the delay; the train was unusually long and heavy, and the engine No. 42, which the fireman had christened "Old Ricketty," was the worst on the road. The switch was all ready, but the train moved so slowly that the last car had hardly left the main track, when I heard the whistle of the express, and the next moment she rounded the bend at full speed. I knew that I didn't have any too much time to get the switch in position, and went at my work with a will when suddenly I heard a child's scream, and turning round I saw little Willie struggling in the water. For an instant the sight of my child's danger overpowered every other consideration and I sprang for the river, but before I got half the distance the hoarse whistle of the approaching train rang in my ear like a trumpet, and the thought of my duty, and the hundreds of lives that would be sacrificed if I deserted my post, went through my brain like a flash of lightning, while all the time there was a feeling about my heart I can't tell in so many words—I only knew it was worse than death—beseeching me to save my boy.

"The whole thing couldn't have lasted more than two seconds, and how the one feeling got the better of the other I never knew. I have no recollection of turning back, but the next thing I remember I was at the switch working away like mad. I never had such strength. I felt that I could have wrenched up the solid iron rails in my agony, and bent them like straw; and I did not seem to see anything about me distinctly, neither rails nor ties—but dimly and vaguely, as if in a dream, or at a great distance. What I did see as plainly as I do now, although it was behind me, was the clear and beautiful river flowing on in the morning sun, and in the midst of it little Willie weakly struggling for help, while the bright, cruel waves smote him in the face and laughed. I had no ear for the nearing train, but all I heard—or seemed to, for I can't rightly say—were his cries to his father for help, growing fainter and fainter; and then the horrible bubbling sound, as he sank finally, and his last breath found its way to the surface.

"At length the switch was in position, and although it's a short job at best, and I must have accomplished it at that time with a quickness I can never again equal, yet it seemed longer than the longest summer's day; but it was done, and I rushed to the river and gazed eagerly around for some sign that might tell me where to plunge in to rescue my child; but there was nothing, nothing but the sunlight that glistened brightly on the little wavelets that smiled mockingly in my face as they hurried onward. I don't remember anything further. There was a great choking in my throat, a huge weight of lead seemed to fall on my brain, and all was black. When I came to my senses it was three weeks afterward, with my old woman—God bless her—sitting alongside of me holdin' my hand in hers. The doctor said I had made a close miss of it, and at first I felt sorry that I had lived at all; but that didn't last long, for I knew there was another one—she who sat beside me—who had suffered more than I had and stood it nobly, so I tried to get better in order to console her. It was two weeks more before I got out of bed, and quite two months before I was able to go around. I will never be the same man again.

"The company pensioned me, and didn't want me to do any more work at all. But I couldn't bear to be idle—you see, sir, I wasn't brought up to it, and strange as it may appear, I didn't feel like working anywhere save in the old place; I seemed to be closer to my boy there, I found the lily he had gathered, just as I had placed it in my jacket pocket, and gave it to his mother. She has it yet all withered and colorless, in a little glass on the mantle piece, and there, sir, it shall remain in sight of us both until our time comes to join him."

MR. GREELEY says the reason there is a scarcity of maple sugar this spring is, that the farmers didn't more than half manure their sugar seeds when they planted them last fall. He says for every seed you plant you want a whole pile of manure, when the vines will be fairly weighed down with little scolloped cakes. Farmers never will learn anything if they keep on fooling away their time as they have the past year.

AN exchange says if you fasten a nail or key to a string and suspend it to your thumb and finger, the nail will oscillate like a pendulum. Let some one place his open hand under the nail, and it will change to circular motion. Then let a third person place his hand upon your shoulder, and the nail becomes in a moment stationary.

A Festive Account of a Mule Ride in Florida.

We have had a hearty laugh, says the Pine Bluff *Press*, over the following article of an epistolary nature, written by a New Yorker sojourning in Fernandina, Florida. It is decidedly rich:

Well, I'm down here in Florida *percolating* through the sand—all sand—much of it as white as snow. A very quiet State is Florida. No bustle. No confusion. Nobody in a hurry. To morrow is as good as to-day to do anything, and better. Time is of no account. The climate is glorious. Just one beautiful day after another till you fail to appreciate them.

* * * * *

The boys insisted that I needed relaxation. My health required it. I had a pretty fair article of health, I thought; enough to last me as long as I lived.—But I must accumulate a stock for future use. The South was the place to get it. And riding was healthy. The sand is too deep to ride, except on horse-back, so I thought I would take a ride. I applied to the livery man for a horse. He had one. He looked sorrowfully at me, as though he pitied me. Did I ever ride a mule? I never had. He had as good riding horses as were ever saddled, but if I wanted a "Rock me to Sleep, Mother" style of a ride, I should take a mule. I don't consider myself a first-class judge of mules. I had some vague notions in regard to them; supposed they would do a large amount of work with very little feed, and were immortal. I had read of one being driven over the same route by the same boy for eighty-seven years, and he was a young mule yet.

Bring forth the mule. He was brought. He was a meek-looking cuss—a perfect "Uriah Heap" of a mule so far as humbleness was concerned. At least that was the view I took of him. He was saddled and mounted. For a mile or two he paced beautifully. I thought those old monks I had read about knew what they were doing when they traveled on mules. I had a high respect for their judgment. Just then my mule began to show symptoms—symptoms of what I did not know. I found out. Dropping his head between his legs, his heels described a parabolic curve, or a diabolic curve, or some other infernal curve, in the air, and I got off and sat down upon the ground. I got off over his head, and I did it quick. I'm not so old but I can get off an animal of that kind as quick as a boy. Then I looked at the mule to see if he was hurt. He didn't appear to be. Then I inquired around to see how I was. I reported an abrasion on the left hip, and a contusion on the lower end of my back. Then I thought I would pronounce a left-handed blessing on that mule, and on his fore-fathers and fore-mothers before him, and on his children after him. But I didn't. I wondered if he would stand fire. If I had had a pistol I would have put the muzzle to his ear and tried him. Not that I was afraid of him, but I was afraid somebody might take a ride on him some day and get hurt. But I had no pistol, so that benevolent and sanguinary idea was frustrated. Then I got up and shook the dust off my feet, and brushed the sand off my trousers, as a testimony against that place. Then I led the mule carefully home, and stated my case to the livery man. But when I told him that he should send for a doctor, or a Samaritan, to do me up in rags, and pour olive oil and champagne on my multitudinous bruises, he only laughed. And his man that he had to help him laid down on a bench and laughed—then he rolled off the bench and laughed—and I stood holding the mule—then I laughed. It was ridiculous. But I've learned a little wisdom. Next time I ride on horse-back it will be a different kind of beast from a bogus jackass.

A POLITE HORSE.—We must certainly judge that politeness is increasing in the world, when we find that even horses are setting a good example. A correspondent writes:

"Going one day to a worthy deacon's for dinner, I went with him to the stable to provide for the wants of my horse, which, as I consider, is as much entitled to his dinners as I am myself. Before installing my steed, the deacon turned out a pair of sprightly ponies, and told me to watch their performance.

"In the yard was a well, the bucket of which hung on an old fashioned sweep. One of the ponies led the way to this well, and reaching up to the pole, brought it down with his teeth. Dipping up a pail of water, he set it on a shelf inside the well-curb, and then waited till his mate had drank before helping himself. Sometimes he would even draw two buckets for her in this wonderfully gallant manner. What man can be rude when horses are so polite?"

THREE little girls who had very carefully buried in a garden in Portsmouth, N. H., the dead body of a pet bird, after consultation, sent one of their number into the house to inquire "if people didn't sing at funerals." On being told that they often did, the messenger ran back, and in a few minutes the three were seen standing hand in hand around the little mound, gravely singing "Shoo fly, don't bodder me."

A Bachelor's Ghost—A Warning from the Dead.

The recent startling revelations made by a supernatural agency in a neighboring city, says the New Orleans *Picayune*, has caused many of our spiritual believers to rake up their reminiscences of ghostly visitants. The most remarkable of these is furnished by a bachelor friend of the reporter, to whom he has unburdened the one secret that he has between the living and the dead.

"You know," said our friend, "how I evaded the widow whom I followed into the clover patch many a long year ago. I never confessed to you, however, that it was like tearing my heart out to revive these bright memories, now almost faded by the lapse of time. My love for that beautiful widow had become a recollection, its poignancy was gone, and my mind regarded it with the quiet interest with which we sometimes look upon a beautiful picture. Perhaps these impressions were enhanced from the circumstance of her death, which occurred a few years after our sad parting. But up to that event I do not believe she ever forgave my desertion. She spoke of it in her last illness, and said that she should die content if assured that I would never love another. It affected me greatly, and I almost resolved to obey her wishes. But as time went by I began to forget this wish of my dead sweetheart.

"Three years went by from the time we buried her under the willows, and the violets had thrice bloomed on her breast, when one evening I concluded to call on a lady friend. I didn't exactly love her, but there is no telling what might have happened but for the spectre that I saw that night.

"We were seated playing the then fashionable game of euchre. I felt that the air was a little chilly and closed the doors. Scarcely had I resumed the game when my attention was attracted to the opening of the door. Looking up I saw a lady enter. She was dressed just as I had last seen my widow. I half rose to offer her a seat, thinking it was some one of the family, when I caught the expression of her face. It was livid and death like; but the features were those of my widow. I was spell bound with astonishment. She walked to the mantel, and resting one arm on it, regarded me fixedly. I was breathless with affright for a moment, but recovering myself I stepped forward as if to address her, when she shook her head and moved away. The expression of her eyes was fire and burning. They said as plain as words could have, 'Keep to your faith.'

"What could I do? Would you have me keep to my courtship when even the dead warned me against it?

"As my shadowy visitant moved away I glanced down at her feet. Even in death she had preserved her identity.—There was a hole in her stocking."

ECCENTRICITIES OF A TENNESSEE PIG.—Two sons of H. G. Scovel, Esq., of this city, ridlng leisurely along the Gallatin turnpike, four miles from the city, the other evening, passed a small pig walking in the same direction. One of the lads touched the pig gently on the back with the whip-lash, and the animal acknowledged the salute with a grunt, and quietly took his position in the rear of the buggy and followed it. He would not be driven back, but stubbornly persisted in following the buggy—walking when the horse walked, and running when the horse's speed increased. The lads turned in at Mr. G. W. Payne's gate and closed it, shutting the pig out; but the pig was not to be shut out. He nosed about until he found an opening in the fence, and came through and took his position under the buggy, and slept under it all that night. The next morning the young gentlemen hitched up and proceeded to town, the pig following as before. He followed them the entire four miles—crossed the suspension bridge after the buggy—followed it through the city to the residence of Mr. Scovel; and is now in his lot, perfectly gentle, and apparently contented with the situation. This is the most eccentric conduct of a country pig of intelligence we have yet heard of, and the account is literally true.—*Nashville Banner.*

A WONDERFUL PRODUCTION.—A few years since there was exhibited in New York a most marvallous specimen of hand write, it being no less than a complete copy of the Holy Bible on a surface about the size of an ordinary mantle or pier glass, the words of the same being so ingeniously arranged and grouped as to form the representation of a beautiful temple, while at the same time not one word is omitted, no sentence transposed, and the several chapters follow each other in proper order. At first view the spectator perceives only a well arranged architectural drawing, delicate, and exact; but on close examination (some parts requiring the use of a magnifying glass) every part of the elevation, each window and doorway, each apparent line and column, cornice and entoblature—everything in short, except perhaps, a slight shading, is resolved into distinct and regular hand-writing. This wonderful production was executed by a Polish gentleman by the name of David Davidson, who finished his task after two years and seven months of constant labor and application.

THE Gardener's Motto—Lettuce plant

HE WOULD BE A SOLDIER.

The following story is told of a boy who became infatuated with a regiment of soldiers, and followed them from his southern home. When the little fellow was first missed by the family it was supposed that he had only joined in the motly civilian crowd following the drum, and would be sent or brought back in a few hours; but after a night had come and passed without his return, alarm took the place of supposition, and Dr. Pinkston, the lad's father, and a party set out on swift horses to overtake the departed regiment and reclaim the lad. This measure, to the horror of those engaged in it, proved fruitless, for the soldiers, when found, declared that they had not seen Master Pinkston since their departure, and exhibited the liviest sympathy in the emotion of the confounded and half distracted father. No language, says the Nashville *Union*, could express the sorrow of the boy's parents. Every means that agonized solicitude could suggest was adopted to obtain some tidings of the wandering child; but all in vain. No news came; and the bereaved family finally yielded to the piteous belief that the boy was lost forever. Five years passed away without a word of hope until last week, when a letter bearing an Irish post mark reached the doctor and solved the mystery. The letter-writer was young Pinkston, now a member of the Ninety-eighth British regulars, stationed in Ireland, and contained a longer and more minute confession of the truant's adventures than need be repeated here. Enough to say that, following the Indiana regiment until it was disbanded, and even witnessing the unsuccessful pursuit of his father and friends, he had finally induced a soldier going eastward to take him to New York, and from there had gone to sea on an English vessel as a cabin boy. Reaching England, with the spirit of adventure still unchecked in him, he had enlisted in the English navy, made a cruise in the Mediteranean, and then—sick of the ocean—entered the army.—Now, however, he was heartily tired of vagabond life, and entreated forgiveness for his desertion from home, and the parental influence with the British Minister at Washington

Cambria Freeman.

EBENSBURG, PA.

SATURDAY MORNING, : MAY 20, 1871.

THE Radical State Convention, which met at Harrisburg on Wednesday last, nominated David Stanton, of Beaver county, for Auditor General, and Robert B. Beath, of Schuylkill county, for Surveyor General. These nominations were brought about by what is known among Radical politicians as the Cameron *ring*, and is therefore a defeat of Geary.

WE beg to assure the Lancaster *Intelligencer* that it is entirely at fault in its conjecture as to the authorship of the editorial in our last issue relative to the approaching Democratic State Convention, and which the editor of that paper does us the honor to copy and endorse. The gentleman of this place whom the *Intelligencer* presumes wrote the article, though fully competent to the task, never saw it until he read it in the *Freeman*.

WE trust that the Democratic State Convention, which is to meet at Harrisburg on Wednesday next, will exercise more than ordinary prudence in the selection of the Chairman of the State Central Committee. We object most decidedly to giving the appointment to the *two* candidates to be nominated by the convention. That plan has already been tried once too often. He ought to be a man who is thoroughly acquainted with the leading Democrats of the State and who can tell whether a county is *east* or *west* of the Susquehanna river. Give us an active, energetic man—one who; politically speaking, is "as sharp as a steel trap."

V THE treaty agreed upon by the Joint High Commission was reported back to the Senate on Monday last without amendment, by the Committee on Foreign Relations. The press of both parties has spoken so favorably of its leading features that there would seem to be no doubt of its ratification by the Senate. That it will also be endorsed by the Parliament of Great Britain is equally certain.—With its ratification by both governments the friends of peace in both countries will have abundant cause for rejoicing, for then will disappear all questions of angry and embittered controversy between the two nations. If, through a spirit of criminal folly and perseverance on either side, the Alabama claims, as well as the other questions at issue, had been referred to the stern arbitrament of the sword, the party that provoked the dread issue would have incurred a fearful responsibility in the judgment of the civilized world.

The Border Claims Bill.

Several acts of the Legislature have been passed having in view the adjudication of the claims for damages sustained by citizens of the counties of York, Adams, Cumberland, Perry, Franklin, Fulton, and Bedford, resulting from the rebel invasion of the southeastern portion of the State. It has been ascertained that these claims amount in the aggregate to about $2,800,000. The question to be determined is this: Is the State liable for the payment of the damages in the first instance, or the amount of the claims having been first ascertained, must not the State, through the Governor, demand payment from the general government. In the legislation heretofore on this subject, the liability of the State has been repudiated. A short time ago the Senate passed a bill, which, if it did not in express terms commit the State to their payment, might justly be regarded as a fair commencement to accomplish that result in the future. The House struck out this section of the Senate bill and amended it by inserting another in which the liability of the State was expressly denied, and authorizing the Governor to press their payment by the United States. The Senate appointed a committee of conference, but the House refusing to do so, the bill was thereby defeated. It seems to be generally conceded, and the action of the Legislature confesses it, that these claims ought on every principle of justice to be paid, and the sole difficulty arises as to which government, the *State* or *National*, shall liquidate them. A great deal might be said on both sides of the question, but we do not now propose to discuss it. After the bill had been defeated in the House, in the manner we have stated, the irrepressible Geary, who, like Wilkins Micawber, is always waiting for something to turn up to promote his Presidential aspirations, came to its rescue and sent a special message to the Legislature urging the passage of the House bill, which ignores all State responsibility. It is a little singular that in none of his four annual messages has Geary ever before referred to the payment of these claims. His overflowing sympathy for the border sufferers was an after thought, and was only officially expressed at a time and under circumstances when he knew it would be unavailing. He is on the record, however, as favoring the payment of the claims by the general government, and that is all he desires, even if payment is postponed until the *ides of March*.

P. S. Since the foregoing article was put in type, a resolution was introduced in the Senate and adopted, requesting the House to return the bill to the former body for amendment. Contrary to general belief, the House complied with the request, and the Senate substituted a new section in lieu of the second section of the House bill, which was agreed to by the House without discussion. The bill as passed provides for a revision of all the claims and the issuing of certificates signed by the Governor and State Treasurer and countersigned and registered by the Auditor General, stating the amount of adjudicated claims; the certificates being payable only when the United States shall pay said claims. The revision of the claims is to be made under the direction of the courts of the several counties.

Butler in Boston.

Benjamin F. Butler has recently furnished additional evidence, if that were at all necessary, that as a bold, reckless demagogue, none but himself can be his parallel. Despised and execrated in Congress as a low political trickster, he is now engaged in the laudable effort of pandering to the vanity and predjudices of his colored allies in Massachusetts, and attempting to prove, that for all the weighty and responsible duties of government, the negroes of South Carolina are immeasurably superior to the white race.—On the night of the 8th instant he delivered a speech before the negroes of Boston in which he had the brazen impudence to ask the three following questions:

"I submit to the calm judgment of the country, upon a fair and not strained comparison of the two races as they stand together to day in South Carolina, which is the fitter to govern? In whose hands life, liberty and property are and will in the future be more safe? In a community under the government of which class would any prudent, well-behaved considerate man rather cast his lot?"

It requires an infinite amount of *cheek* to propound these inquiries even to a negro audience, in view of the melancholy experience of the Southern States under the reconstruction acts, and especially of South Carolina, where the negroes have full and undisputed sway. No other *white* man, except it might be Wendell Phillips, would have the hardihood to repeat Butler's interrogatories.

South Carolina to day, under negro ascendency, "is the foulest cesspool of ignorance and rascality, the most hideous blot upon civilization and political decency, that exists on the face of the earth." So intolerable are the evils under which that State groans and suffers under negro misrule and corruption, that only a few days ago a convention representing the property and intelligence of the State assembled at Columbia to consult together and adopt some means of escape from the oppressive load of taxation which has been imposed upon the people by a negro Legislature. Scott, the carpet-bag Governor, and Chamberlain, the Lieutenant Governor, occupied seats in the convention and pledged their co-operation in the movement.

We will let the New York *Tribune* answer Butler's questions. That paper lately sent a special correspondent to South Carolina to investigate the condition of the State in all its aspects, and especially the capacity of the negroes for legislation. Coming from such a source, it is a foregone conclusion that this correspondent tells the truth, and that he "neither extenuates, nor sets down aught in malice." The following plain statements from one of his letters ought to overwhelm even Butler with shame and confusion, if he was not insensible to both:

"South Carolina may be regarded as the typical Southern State. Here the Southern idea was most fully developed, and here the change to the Northern system of government and society is most radical, and is attended by the greatest resistance. *The only wonder is that this change has been accompanied by so little violence*, when it is considered that no civilized community ever underwent so sudden and thorough a revolution in all its social, industrial and political relations. *The slaves of yesterday are the masters of to-day; and the old, haughty, ruling class is reduced to a condition of political thraldom.* In order to comprehend the present disturbed condition of the State, it is necessary to consider the elements of its population and their changed relations to each other. In a total of 729,000 inhabitants there are about 425,000 negroes, who, as a class, are ignorant, superstitious, semi barbarians, but little elevated in intelligence above their kindred in Africa. I speak of *the great mass of the negroes*, of the plantation "field hands." They *are extremely indolent, and will make no exertion beyond what is necessary to obtain food enough to satisfy their hunger.* * * * * * * * * *

Upon these people not only political rights have been conferred, but *they have absolute political supremacy. They are the governing class in South Carolina, and a class more totally unfit to govern does not exist upon the face of the earth.* * * * * * * *

"*It would be hard to imagine a state of society more entirely unfitted for a Republican form of government than this. The intelligent people of the State has no voice in public affairs, and no influence in the government, and are obliged to submit to the rule of a class just relieved from slavery, and incompetent, without guidance, to exercise the simplest duties of citizenship. This condition of affairs is so unwholesome and unnatural and so fruitful of evil that it is clear that it cannot last.*

The Connecticut Fraud.

The latest outrage perpetrated by the Radical party is the summary action of the majority in the Connecticut Legislature declaring that Jewell, Republican, had been elected Governor over English, the Democratic candidate. It has become a fixed rule of conduct with the leaders of that lawless party, not to permit a Democrat to hold an office to which he had been fairly and legally elected, if the most shameful fraud and perjury can prevent it. When Shenck, one of their leaders in Congress, was defeated last October by Lewis D. Campbell, in the Dayton (Ohio) district, an effort was made to unseat Campbell upon the shallow pretense that a large number of disabled soldiers from *other* States, then at the Dayton hospital *would* have voted for Shenck, if the election officers had received their ballots, notwithstanding the fact that the Supreme Court of Ohio—all the judges being Radicals—had solemnly decided that under the election laws of that State, they were not entitled to the right of suffrage. The attempt most signally failed. The Radicals in the Connecticut Legislature have now elected Jewell by procuring in some instances the signatures, and in others the affidavits, of residents in the Fourth Ward of New Haven, that they had voted for Jewell. This is a dirty piece of business, but is in perfect harmony with the Radical practice. There is a Chinese adage which declares that young chickens will come home to roost, the truth of which will be fully verified to the dismay of Radicalism in Connecticut at the returning election for Governor in that State, which will occur next April. The *New Haven Register*, in an article exposing the infamous fraud, says:

"The "Smelling Committee," appointed by the Legislature to figure out the defeat of Governor English, have completed their work to, at least, their own satisfaction.—The history of the State furnishes no precedent for such an act—and there is no warrant in the Constitution for it. The power of the Legislature to go back of the returns of Town Officers, and re-open ballot-boxes, has been so thoroughly denied, that it is unnecessary to discuss it anew; but there are some peculiar features in this case that should be noted, for future reference. From the start, this has been a one-sided affair. Democratic members could not serve on the Committee; as they did not believe in the legality of the proceeding—and to take part in it, would be to countenance the scheme. Besides, it is evident that the majority were intent on forcing the issue. When, therefore, they found that the Fourth Ward box did not contain as many votes as were returned by the Republican Moderator—that instead of "too many for English," there were too few for Jewell! and the laugh was upon them—a new device was inaugurated—the procurement of more *signatures* from persons in the Ward, than there were *votes* for Jewell in the box. To effect this all the machinery of the Post Office and Custom House was put in motion, and the Fourth Ward was "searched as with a fine tooth comb," from Saturday morning, through Sunday, up to Monday night—and when voters could be got to appear in person, and say they voted the *Republican* ticket, it was done; when they could not, John W. Lane, of the Custom House, N. D. Sperry, of the Post-Office, or others, affirmed that such and such electors did, to their knowledge, cast Jewell ballots. Now, let us look at the figures a moment. The recount of the Fourth Ward box, (by the Committee,) showed only four hundred and seventy-nine votes for Jewell—and his friends claimed there ought to be one hundred more—and that they must have been abstracted from the box! There was no way out of the dilemma but to re-poll the Republican vote of the ward, and this was at once attempted, with the following result: After the most strenuous exertions, by personal appeal, and every possible inducement, by personal attendance and proxy, 560 names were collected, of these ten admitted that they voted for Mr. English—which reduced the number to 550—and the dozen who were "vouched for," reduces it say to 540. Of this number, we hear already of seven who deny that they authorized any one to say they voted the Republican ticket—which reduces the list to 530—and of that number it is satisfactorily ascertained that, at least, *thirty nine* have voluntarily boasted since the election, to friends, that they voted for Governor English! This reduces the Jewell vote to 489—*ten* more than the re-count gives him! If this is not a complete failure to establish the alleged fraud, we have nothing more to say. If a better result could not be obtained, after the advice and counsel of the notorious Allen and his New York confederates, for nearly a week, the wire pullers have little for congratulation.

A DREAM AND A CONUNDRUM.—The following story from the Machias, Me., *Union*, we give as we find it. Put in a pinch of salt:

On the night of April 1 (insignificant date), Thomas Warren Beal, of Beal's Island, Jonesport, Maine, aged seventeen, and a sailor, dreamed that at a certain spot on the island he could find a brass kettle; that he must go next day and get it, and that thirty days afterward he must go to the same place and he would find $2,000 in gold. The first part of the dream was literally fulfilled; he found the kettle buried in the earth, with one edge just visible. He removed it from the ground readily and carried it home. In the kettle were five knives, all of antique English make, badly corroded, and a piece of human rib. The kettle had been covered with a heavy woolen blanket, which was so decayed that it was hauled with difficulty in the smallest pieces. Thos., being somewhat superstitious, and fearful of the horrid fate that always overtakes money diggers, ran away to sea, and could not be prevailed on to remain until the expiration of the thirty days and verify the entire fulfillment of the dream. Other parties dug for money and found another kettle, but it was empty. Of course there are rumors that money was discovered, but not much credence is given to the reports. How came the kettles where they were found, by whom they were buried and when, is a conundrum for the Historical Society.

A SINGULAR STORY.—The Wooster, Ohio, Republican gives a long account of the remarkable manner in which a family in that city has been persecuted through some unexplained agency. Mr. Hoffman, the head of the family, is a miller, and stands in good repute. The trouble commenced by his missing two dollars from his pocket-book; he then hid his money, but was unable to find it again, it having disappeared in an unaccountable manner. Articles of food and clothing began to leave in an equally mysterious way; crockery-ware fell from shelves and was broken; stones, gravel, eggs, and other things were thrown about in the house, apparently without human agency, the headquarters of the disturbance appearing to be in the cellar. The family changed their residence, but the annoyance followed them, and as yet no satisfactory explanation of the proceedings has been given. Clothing belonging to the family has disappeared, and then mysteriously returned cut in pieces. Notes have been found in the house without there being any reasonable explanation of their presence, and skeptical young men have been hit on the head with red hot stones. Mr. Hoffman has had clergymen called in to pray, and has himself indulged in some vigorous profanity on the subject; but neither experiment resulted in quelling the disturbances, which, at last accounts, continued a source of great terror and wonderment to the good people of Wooster and the region around about.

KILLED BY A CHICKEN.—The Williamson (Tenn.) *Journal*, of Thursday, has an account of the death of Mrs. Sarah Johnson, of that county, which was caused in a very singular manner. Only a few days before her death, Mrs. Johnson, who was at the time in perfect health, went out into the yard for the purpose of separating a couple chicken cocks which were engaged in a furious fight. She caught one of the cocks, and in so doing was slightly wounded by its long, sharp spur or gaff. From this wound resulted lockjaw, which terminated in death. She was the wife of Mr. Clairborn Johnson, who has for a long time been a sufferer from consumption. The shock produced upon the already enfeebled frame by the sudden death of his wife was more than Mr. Johnson could bear. He commenced sinking at once, and two days after (the 10th inst.) he, too, "shuffled off this mortal coil," and the corpses were taken to their last resting place in the cemetery at Bethesda and laid side by side.

SPEAKER BLAINE is a member of the Catholic Church.

The Arrest of the Archbishop of Paris.

Minister Washburne has addressed to the Secretary of State the following letters:

LEGATION OF THE UNITED STATES,
PARIS, April 23, 1871.

SIR—You are aware that Monseigneur Dorboy, the Archbishop of Paris, was seized by order of the Commune and thrust into prison, to be held as a hostage. Such treatment of that most devout and excellent man could not but have created a great sensation, particularly in the Catholic world.

APPEALS TO MR. WASHBURNE.

On Thursday night last I received a letter from Monsiegneur Chigi, Archbishop of Myra and Nuncio Apostolic of St. Liege, and also a communication from M. Londner, Chanvine of the diocese at Paris; M. Lazard, the Vicar General of Paris, and MM. Bousset and Allain, chanvines and members of the metropolitan chapters of the church of Paris, all making a strong appeal to me, in the name of the right of nations, humanity and sympathy, to interpose my good offices in behalf of the imprisoned Archbishop.

APPLICATION TO GENERAL CLUSERET.

I have thought I should have been only conforming to what I believed to be the policy of our government, and carrying out what I conceived to be your wishes under the circumstances by complying with the request of the gentlemen who have advised me. I therefore, early this morning, put myself in communication with Gen. Cluseret, who seems, at the present time, to be the directing man in affairs here. I told him that I applied to him, not in my diplomatic capacity, but simply in the interest of good feeling and humanity, to see if it were not possible to have the Archbishop relieved from arrest and confinement.

CLUSERET UNABLE TO DO ANYTHING.

He answered that it was not a matter within his jurisdiction, and however much he might like to see the Archbishop released he thought in consideration of the state of affairs it would be impossible. He said that he was not arrested for crime, but simply to be held as a hostage, as many others had been. Under the existing circumstances he thought it would be useless to take any steps in that direction.

PERMISSION TO VISIT THE ARCHBISHOP.

I myself thought the commune would not dare, in the present excited state of public feeling in Paris, to release the Archbishop. I told General Cluseret, however, that I must see him to ascertain his real situation, the condition of his health, and whether he was in want of anything. He said there would be no objection to that, and he immediately went with me in person to the Prefecture of Police, and upon his application I received from the Prefect a permission to visit the Archbishop freely at any time.

THE INTERVIEW.

In company with my private secretary, Mr. McKean, I then went to the Mazas Prison, where I was admitted without difficulty. Being ushered into one of the vacant cells, the Archbishop was very soon brought. I must say I was deeply touched at the appearance of this venerable man. With his slender person, his form somewhat bent, his long beard—for he has not been shaved apparently since his imprisonment—his face haggard with ill health, all could not have failed to have moved the most indifferent. I told him I had taken great pleasure, at the instance of his friends, in intervening in his behalf, and while I could not promise myself the satisfaction of seeing him released I was very glad to be able to visit him, to ascertain his wants and to assuage the cruel position in which he found himself.

THE ARCHBISHOP PREPARED FOR THE WORST

He thanked me most heartily and cordially for the disposition I had manifested toward him. I was charmed by his cheerful spirit and interesting conversation. He seemed to appreciate his critical situation and to be prepared for the worst. He had no word of bitterness for his persecutors, but, on the other hand, remarked that the world judged them to be worse than they really were. He was patiently awaiting the logic of events and praying for the solution to these terrible troubles without the further shedding of human blood. He is confined in a cell about six feet by ten, possibly a little larger, which has the ordinary furniture of the Mazas Prison—a wooden chair, a small wooden table, a prison bed. The cell is lighted by one small window. As a political prisoner, he is permitted to have his food brought to him from outside the prison, and in answer to my suggestion that I should be glad to send him anything he might desire, or furnish him with any money he might want, he said he was not in need at present. I was the first man he had seen from the outside since his imprisonment, and he had not been permitted to see the newspapers, or to have any intelligence of passing events.

FURTHER EFFORTS IN HIS BEHALF.

I shall make application to the Prefect of Police to be allowed to send him newspapers and other reading matter, and shall also avail myself of the permission granted me to visit him, to the end that I may afford him any proper assistance in my power. I cannot conceal from myself, however, the great danger he is in, and I sincerely hope that I may be instrumental in saving him from the fate which seems to threaten him.

I have the honor to be, very respectfully, your obedient servant,

E. B. WASHBURNE.

BRICK AND BUTLER.—The Radical papers have treated their readers to a letter of Butler, in which he said that the wife of "Brick" Pomeroy engaged him as her counsel to procure a divorce, and that Butler forced Pomeroy to allow his wife $20,000, and an annuity. Mr. Pomeroy has nailed the falsehood in a letter to the New York *Tribune*, in which he states that Mrs. Pomeroy and himself separated by mutual consent in 1861, and that a divorce was recently agreed upon in an amicable manner; that Mrs. Pomeroy is an estimable lady, and never wrote to Butler or asked for his assistance in any way; that Butler wrote to her and offered his services, but that no notice was taken of his letter by Mrs. Pomeroy, and no reply was made; that Mrs. Pomeroy was never in need of pecuniary assistance; and that Butler's letter is false in every particular—which is no more than might have been expected by any sensible person. The *Tribune* published Mr. Pomeroy's letter, but it remains to be seen whether other Radical journals will have the manliness to make the same apology for their misstatements.

AT the request of the Bishop of Westminister, the Archbishop of Posen and Ledochowski recently applied to the Imperial Chancellor Prince Bismarck, praying for his intervention in favor of the Archbishop of Paris, now a prisoner in the hands of the Commune and in imminent peril of losing his life.—Prince Bismarck at once consented, and immediately telegraphed instructions to Gen. Fabrice to make energetic representations on this subject to the Commune, and to intimate that if outrages of this kind continue to be committed indignant public opinion will demand an intervention in the interests of humanity.

Things Worth Knowing.

—Servant girls in Wyoming command seven dollars a week and the suffrage.

—Hail fell to the depth of four inches in Cambridge, Ohio, on Wednesday week.

—There are about 5,250,000 communicants of the Roman Catholic Church in the United States.

—A piece of white wax put among white garments will keep them from turning yellow when laid away. The ladies should try it.

—Sixty five tons of silver coin were shipped to Europe recently in a single steamer from New York. Its value was about $2,000,000.

—Snow fell on Wednesday morning last in Scotland and in the North of England, and the weather was so cold that it is thought the crops will sustain considerable injury.

—A few iron nails placed in a vase with flowers will keep the water sweet and the flowers fresh. This arises from the sulphur eliminated from the plants combined with the iron.

—A paper published in Paris, Ky., states that sixteen ladies in that town sat together in a private room, without any restraint, and never spoke a word for two hours. We don't believe it.

—Rare Sunday sport in St. Helena, Nebraska. John McBeath was hanged for the murder of John Caffrey. He made a last dying speech and confession, and acknowledged his crime.

—A few miners have gone to work at Scranton protected by the military. There are no signs of a riot. The issue for the miners still seems to be, work at the operators' terms or starve.

—A double pig, preserved in alcohol, with one head, two perfect bodies, two sets of teeth, eight legs, four ears, and two tails, and every leg perfect and of full size, is on exhibition at Gallatin.

—Jewell was inaugurated Governor of Connecticut on Tuesday. This is only another link in the chain of outrages perpetrated by the Republican party on the rights of the people. The day of reckoning will come.

—The Chatfield (Minn.) Democrat asserts that at a public wedding in that place, not long since, a very meek and lowly individual was seen to shed tears—briny tears of sorrow—when the clergyman pronounced him married.

—Louis Napoleon is hard at work at Chiselhurst paying old debts. There is something good about him after all, or he would do like a good many kings before him, and manage to forget such small matters as little bills.

—Burlington, Vt., can boast of the largest planing mill in the world. The lumber yards, docks, sheds, mills, etc., of the firm cover an area of nearly fifty acres, and in this area there about seven miles of plank road. To carry on this establishment from four to five hundred men and boys are employed.

—A Vermonter has had $3 damages awarded him for being butted over a fence by his neighbor's bull. The smallness of the sum is due the plaintiff's avowal that he was trying to get over the fence as quickly as possible, so that the bull only helped him in carrying out an intention conceived of his own free will.

—The employes of Pomeroy's *Democrat* presented the editor-in-chief, Mr. M. M. Pomeroy, with a magnificent diamond solitaire ring, valued at $1,800, on Saturday. The presentation speech was made by Mr. Tisdale. Mr. Pomeroy thanked the doners in a neat speech and afterwards invited them to partake of an elegant repast.

—It is said that a Mississippi negro wears a thirty-year-old hat. It is a bell-crown, twenty-four inches high, and has been much in the chicken business. He is in Indiana now, one hundred and eleven years old, saw Washington during the Revolution, and is yet hale and hearty. They call him Boss out there, and he will never, never die.

—Another excitment prevailed in the coal regions at Hyde Park on Wednesday. Some workmen returning home were stoned, when one of them armed with a gun discharged it and killed two men, who, it is said, were not engaged in the roit. Threats of lynching were made, but the presence of the military has prevented any further outbreak.

—The N. Y. *Daily Democrat* started some two years ago by Mr. "Brick" Pomeroy, and in which he is reported to have sunk two hundred and forty thousand dollars before he relinquished it some months ago, ceased to exist on Saturday last. Its good will, business and subscription lists were purchased by the *Star* newspaper company and it is to be merged into and known hereafter as *The Star*.

—At Osage, Iowa, there is a little girl two years old, whose ears are perfectly sealed up, the external ear seeming to be doubled forward. An effort to remove the deformity by a surgical operation failed, as no openings were found, the ears being closed up perfectly, not even admitting a fine probe. The child hears some, probably from the fact that the internal ear is perfect, and strong vibration is transmitted through the mouth.

—Solomon McKeever was married at Milford, Ia., a week ago, to the girl of his choice. Three hours afterwards he was arrested on a charge of seduction at the instance of Miss Harriet L. Butler. Next day his trial began, and continued three days, resulting in his acquittal. The trial created great excitement in the village. Miss Butler was urged to make the charge by the parents of the girl McKeever married, who were opposed to the match.

—One day last week a man in Windsor, Vermont, hitched his team to a freight car standing on the track, and went into a benzine shop to take something. Soon he thought he heard something, and looking up the track saw a freight train moving out, in the rear of which was a whirlwind composed principally of horse's tails, wagon wheels and harness leather. All he saved out of his establishment was a few horse shoes and a wagon tire. He is of the opinion now that posts are the most economical things to hitch to.

—Addie L. Ballou, in a lecture on the social evil, relates the following incident: "In the city of Chicago I knew a young girl who spent two long nights and three days without food, and almost without clothing, and the Young Men's Christian Association refused her admittance to their costly halls, and declined to aid her because she had no certificate of good character in her pocket; and a woman, who was said to be a woman of the town—though I have no reason for saying that she was such—took her in and cared for her."

—Illinois has strange ways, even of committing suicide. In Warrensburg, recently, Mrs. Alice Day discovered that her husband had another wife, and shot herself dead. The husband, who was in prison for bigamy at the time, when he heard of the self-murder of one of his consorts, was so overcome by sorrow and remorse that, having nothing else within reach, he swallowed a box of hooks and eyes, a bottle of hair dye, a brass breastpin, several pieces of glass, six vest buttons, and a small penknife. These miscellaneous articles did not prove fatal, but at last accounts Day complained of indigestion.

HALL'S VEGETABLE SICILIAN HAIR RENEWER.

GRAY HAIR

Restored to its Original Youthful Color

BY ITS USE.

It will make *Hair grow* upon bald heads, except in very aged persons, as it furnishes the nutritive principle by which the hair is nourished and supported.

It will prevent the hair from falling out, and does not stain the skin.

No better evidence of its superiority need be adduced than the fact that so many imitations of it are offered to the public.

IT IS A SPLENDID HAIR-DRESSING.

Our Treatise on the Hair sent free by mail.

R. P. HALL & CO., Nashua, N. H., Proprietors.

For sale by all druggists.

READY-MADE CLOTHING.

WANAMAKER BROWN'S OAK HALL

In Boys' Wear we have every kind of material & every variety of style, suitable for Youth from 16 to 20, Boys from 9 to 16, and Children from 5 to 9 years, all durable & strong, made with special reference to rough usage. In this department our prices are astonishingly low. *Market and 6th.*

We have made our Establishment "THE HEADQUARTERS OF COUNTRY TRADE" in Clothing, and we can assure our friends from out of town that they need look no further than Oak Hall for satisfactory Clothing & satisfactory prices. Full stock all the year round. *Market and 6th.*

Our Custom Work is of the very best character. Easy rules for measurement, prices, &c., sent free to any part of America, and good fits guaranteed. *Market and 6th Streets,*

PHILADELPHIA.

Andrew Moses,

DRAPER & TAILOR,

CLINTON STREET,

JOHNSTOWN, PA.

AUCTION! AUCTION!

HAVING been commissioned by Governor Geary to act as *AUCTIONEER* in and for the Borough of Ebensburg, I am now prepared to receive and sell at Public Auction all kinds of Goods, Wares, Merchandise, &c., and also attend to the duties of Auctioneer at all sales of Lands, Tenements, Live Stock, Household Furniture, &c., &c., within the limits of said Borough. *Terms moderate.* Inquire at No. 100 High Street.

M. L. OATMAN,

Ebensburg, April 22, 1871.-tf.

NEW MILLINERY & DRESS-MAKING ESTABLISHMENT.

MRS. R. E. JONES has just opened an entirely new and varied stock of MILLINERY GOODS, consisting of BONNETS, HATS, RIBBONS, FLOWERS, LACES, GIMPS, ILLUSIONS, BONNET SILKS, CRAPES, FRAMES, &c.—all of which will be sold at city prices. Also dress-making and all kinds of sewing done neatly and on short notice. Location one door west of the new Congregational church.

Ebensburg, May 8, 1871.—4t.*

COUNTY COMMISSIONER!—The subscriber hereby announces himself as an aspirant for the Democratic nomination for the position of COUNTY COMMISSIONER, and pledges himself, if nominated and elected, to discharge the duties of the office honestly and to the best of his ability.

JOHN S. LOMEREAUX.

Blacklick Twp., April 15, 1871.-4t.

J. S. OGDEN, JUSTICE OF THE PEACE, Johnstown, Pa. Office on Iron street, between the Conemaugh Bridge and Pa. R. R. Depot. Collections and all business intrusted to him will be promptly attended to. [8-11.]

SAVE MONEY BY PATRONIZING

M. L. OATMAN & CO.,

CHEAP CASH DEALERS IN

ALL KINDS DRY GOODS,

LADIES' DRESS GOODS,

Ready-Made CLOTHING,

Hats, Caps, Boots, Shoes,

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES,

SATINETTS, JEANS,

FANCY GOODS, NOTIONS,

And a Fresh and complete Stock of

CHOICE FAMILY GROCERIES,

CONSISTING OF

DOUBLE EXTRA FAMILY FLOUR,

GRAIN, FEED,

BACON, SALT, FISH,

FRESH VEGETABLES,

DRIED & CAN'D FRUITS,

SUGARS, TEAS, COFFEES,

SYRUPS, MOLASSES, CHEESE, &c.

Also, a large stock of the

Best Brands of Cigars and Tobacco,

STORE ON HIGH STREET,

Four Doors East of Crawford's Hotel,

Ebensburg, Pa.

WOOD, MORRELL & CO.,

WASHINGTON STREET,

Near Pa. R. R. Depot, Johnstown, Pa.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC DRY GOODS,

MILLINERY GOODS,

HARDWARE,
QUEENSWARE,
BOOTS AND SHOES,
HATS AND CAPS,
IRON AND NAILS,
CARPETS AND OIL CLOTHS,
READY-MADE CLOTHING,
GLASS WARE, YELLOW WARE,
WOODEN AND WILLOW WARE,

PROVISIONS and FEED, ALL KINDS,

Together with all manner of Western Produce such as FLOUR, BACON, FISH, SALT, CARBON OIL, &c., &c.

☞ Wholesale and retail orders solicited and promptly filled on the shortest notice and most reasonable terms.

WOOD, MORRELL & CO.

GEO. C. K. ZAHM. . . . . JAS. B. ZAHM.

ZAHM & SON,

DEALERS IN

DRY GOODS, GROCERIES,

HARDWARE, QUEENSWARE,

Hats, Caps, Boots, Shoes,

AND ALL OTHER ARTICLES

Usually Kept in a Country Store,

WOOL AND COUNTRY PRODUCE

TAKEN IN EXCHANGE FOR GOODS!

STORE ON MAIN STREET,

Next Door to the Post Office,

June 10, 1869. EBENSBURG, PA.

EBENSBURG DRUG AND BOOK STORE.

HAVING recently enlarged our store we are now prepared to sell at a great reduction from former prices. Our stock consists of Drugs, Medicines, Perfumery, Fancy Soaps, Leon's, Hall's and Allen's Hair Restoratives, Pills, Ointments, Plasters, Liniments, Pain Killers, Citrate Magnesia, Ess. Jamaica Ginger, Pure Flavoring Extracts, Essence Lemon Syrup, Soothing Syrup, Spiced Syrup, Rhubarb, Pure Spices, &c.;

CIGARS AND TOBACCOS.

Blank Books, Deeds, Notes and Bonds; Cap, Post, Commercial and all kinds of Note Paper, Envelopes, Pens, Pencils, Arnold's Writing Fluid, Black and Red Ink, Pocket and Pass Books, Magazines, Newspapers, Novels, Histories, Bibles, Religious, Prayer and Toy Books, Penknives, Pipes, &c.

☞ We have added to our stock a line of PINE JEWELRY, to which we would call the attention of the Ladies.

PHOTOGRAPH ALBUMS at lower prices than ever offered in this place.

Paper and Cigars sold either wholesale or retail. LEMMON & MURRAY.

July 30, 1868. Main Street, Ebensburg.

LOOK WELL TO YOUR UNDERSTANDINGS!

BOOTS AND SHOES

For Men's and Boys' Wear.

The undersigned respectfully informs his numerous customers and the public generally that he is prepared to manufacture BOOTS and SHOES of any desired size or quality, from the finest French calfskin boots to the coarsest brogan, in the VERY BEST MANNER, on the shortest notice, and at as moderate prices as work can be obtained anywhere.

Those who have worn Boots and Shoes made at my establishment need no assurance as to the superior quality of my work. Others can easily be convinced of the fact if they will only give me a trial. Try and be convinced.

☞ Repairing of Boots and Shoes attended to promptly and in a workmanlike manner.

Thankful for past favors I feel confident that my work and prices will commend me to a continuance and increase of the same.

JOHN D. THOMAS.

Ebensburg, April 29, 1869.

Cambria Freeman,

SATURDAY, : : : MAY 20, 1871.

LOCAL AND PERSONAL.

EBENSBURG AND CRESSON RAIL ROAD
On and after **Monday, May 18th, 1871,** trains on this road will run as follows:

DEPARTING--Leave Ebensburg
7:00 A. M., connecting with Cresson Accommodation East, to Altoona, Hollidaysburg, Harrisburg and with First Pacific West at 7:45; and after running to Johnstown, will reach Cresson, on the return trip at 11:00.

2:00 P. M., connecting with Mail Train West at 3:25, and Philadelphia Express East at 4:30.

RETURNING--Leave Cresson
10:00 A. M., and reach Ebensburg at 12:05 P. M.

4:25 P. M., or on departure of Philadelphia Express East, reaching Ebensburg at 9:30.

Ups and Mishaps at and near Home.

—Time flies and fly time approaches.

—The name of our Burgess is Tom Dick, Harry, or any other man, couldn't perform the duties more acceptably.

—A bill authorizing Johnstown borough to issue bonds to the amount of $50,000 has passed both branches of the legislature.

—A new specimen of the finny tribe, called a "mud minnow," was caught in the Juniata River at Huntingdon one day last week.

—Two valuable horses in Centre township, Blair county, Kilkenny cat like, kicked each other to death a few days ago.

—Cat-o-nine-sling—the concerts indulged in o' nights by those rare wild kittens which doth congregate beneath our bed room windows.

—A neat, elegant and useful—the cast iron hitching post and horse mounting arrangement recently erected in front of Frank Shoemaker's residence.

—If anybody in this place wants to understand the sale of flower plants at ten per cent. less than usual and no risks, let us hear from him at once, as the case may be.

—The evenings are rather cool yet for bill posting and coming at the front gate, but the time above will shortly have arrivin. Get your posters ready, boys, for the emergency.

—J. C. Martin, of Cherryhill township, Indiana county, was struck on the head by the fall of a tree he was felling, and knocked senseless for a while. He is now recovering.

—William Quiggle of Blacklick township, whom we noticed last week as having had his leg fractured, is recovering slowly, and the prospects now are that he will get well.

—A young man named Anderson was severely and it is feared fatally injured, on Monday last, by the falling upon him of an old tree which was being torn down near Blairsville.

—Henry Michaels, sealer of weights and measures in this county, has been arrested and held over for trial at court for exacting illegal toll of a man named Hassinger, of Johnstown.

—Politicians, candidates and loafers take to your horses very kindly. They may be seen a portion every hour of the day squatting in the road and squirting tobacco juice in all directions.

—The gentleman with the white plug hat in town on Thursday. The "silk" was quite becoming and of resplendent whiteness, doubtless the wearer looked very WISE indeed.

—Look out for counterfeit $20 greenbacks. They are in circulation, but as we are exempt from $20 visits of any kind, the information is of no use to us, though it may be to some of our readers.

—The water in the Susquehanna went up like a rocket and came down like a stick, leaving the lumber rafts sticking in the stream on their half way to market. Bad joke on the lumbermen.

—Past sunflowers if there is any place near your house where water is thrown out, for they likely to become malarious. This plant has the power of absorbing malaria and purifying the atmosphere.

—We should have reconstructed Geis & Foster's advertisement this week, but we have been only partially able to do so. We hope our readers wishing to be reconstructed on dry goods question will go there to have it done just the same, however.

—The Echo man goes to the trouble of informing us that he don't take his cocktails in a whisky, i. e., by way of eggs shaped like an old fashioned whisky bottle. Of course he don't—there would be an immense demand for such outlandish hen fruit if he did.

—The Indiana Democrat has in part donned new niggers since it has reverted to its former proprietor, J. B. Sansom, Esq., who has associated his son with him in its publication, and as it is not only a neater but a much better paper than under the old dispensation.

—A hen in Bushvalley township, Indiana county, has produced an egg the size of a goose's egg, inside of which was a perfect egg of the ordinary size. The question is, how did she do it? and the other question is, what in the thunder has got into the hens anyhow?

—Judge Murray, of the firm of Lemmon & Murray, has returned from the city with a full cargo of new goods, of which we shall have our say more fully next week. In the meantime the ladies particularly are invited to call and examine their fine display of new jewelry and fancy goods.

—A young friend of ours got very impatient waiting on the mail the other evening, notwithstanding he had been waiting on a handsome and suitable young female only a few minutes before and didn't then manifest impatience worth a d-ime. The weather wasn't a bit stormy either.

—A Swede employed in the railroad shops at Altoona has written an elaborate treatise in which he audaciously controverts Sir Isaac Newton's theories of gravitation. According to his theory the celestial bodies are immovable, and matter has no such general attraction. That's what's the matter—with the Swede.

—Jack Frost, it is said, interviewed about two hundred cabbage plants belonging to one of our citizens, on Wednesday night last, and the probabilities are that no amount of favorable weather will be competent to the task of putting a heel on" any of the aforesaid plants. Jack's interview was very brief, but affecting; it merely said "with thou"—and they wilted.

—Mr. Vallie Lutringer, of this place, has been awarded the contract for covering the roof of the Catholic church at Loretto with tin, although the bid of another party was seven hundred dollars less than Mr. Lutringer's. Vallie is one of the best workers in tin in the State, and our word for it he will do up a good job and one that will prove a safeguard against the elements.

—Important changes have been made in the time tables of the Pennsylvania Railroad, and in effect of the new arrangement on our branch Road will be apparent from the schedule at the head of this column. The train leaves here now at 6 o'clock in the morning, forty minutes earlier than heretofore, and returns in the evening at 9:30, or about one hour in advance of the former schedule time.

—Miss Jennie M'Guire, of Burrell township, Indiana county, stepped on a scythe and cut a gash of flesh from one of her limbs not long since, and Wm. Cofield, of Blacklick township, same county, sunk a pick in one of his feet while digging in a clay bank on Friday last. William might have picked on a better place for sinking his pick, but we guess he didn't have his pick of places just then.

—The dwelling house of Mr. Wm. A. Bagley in Carroll township, about one and a half miles northwest of Carrolltown, was burned to the ground, with very much of the furniture it contained, on Thursday of last week. Mr. B. and wife were absent at the time, but it is supposed that too big a fire in the stove, put on by two daughters in charge of the house, burned the pipe and set fire to the roof. Loss about $600 or $700.

—Our spirited little contemporary down west, the Alleghanian, has not put in an appearance for two weeks, owing to circumstances which don't concern us in the least. Judging from the efforts being made to resuscitate it, however, the chap whom it announced in its last issue as having gone to the city to procure a large invoice of button-holes, didn't go hence as was reported, and as it is, the demand is apt to exhaust the supply very considerably.

—There are two ways of footing a bill, as we have learned to our sorrow. One is to pay it and the other is to run off and leave it unpaid. The latter method was tried on us this week, or at least we only learned of it then, by no less than five contemptible cusses who left us to the lurch to the tune of about $17.

—Within the past twelve days four houses in Indiana county—those of George Warner and John Stewart, in East Mahoning township, Thos. Dunlap, in South Mahoning township, and E. B. Widdowson, in Green township—as well as the house of Wm. Gall, in Jefferson county, near the Indiana county line, with most of their contents, were destroyed by fire. Defective flues did the work for three of them, sparks on the roof and a stove pipe hole through a kitchen roof did the balance.

—An effort is being made by several gentlemen in this county to get up an excursion party to California over the Pacific railroad. The party is to consist of some twenty five genial spirits, and the time fixed for departure is early in the coming month, if the project can be perfected in season. It is intended to make a brief sojourn at all the prominent points along the route, and to be absent about a month. Sixty dollars apiece is thought to be sufficient to cover all the expenses of the trip.

—A very edifying and successful Mission has been in progress at the Catholic church in this place since Sunday last, and nearly every member of the congregation, as well as some belonging to neighboring congregations, have attended the exercises and partaken of the holy sacrament, under the ministrations of the two good and efficient priests conducting the Mission, Fathers William and Basil, of the order of Paesionists. We believe the Mission will close on Sunday, but we hope the good work it will then have completed will bear abundant fruit for many years to come.

—The ways of Providence are inscrutible. A man in Iowa refused to take his paper from the post office, when owing two or three years subscription, and the next day he was kicked to death by a horse. The coincidence is certainly singular, but we do not know that it can be regarded as a principle that kicking horses have a settled antipathy to delinquent subscribers. However, the event we have mentioned may be taken as a warning by some people who left their names on our books in this manner, and they will do well to give all horses a wide berth. There is no telling what may happen, you know.

—We have been regested to state, and we do it with pleasure, that the grand annual May party of the ladies of St John's (Catholic) church, Altoona, will be held on Thursday next, 25th inst. The congregation in question have a magnificent park of their own, and there is no place in the country where such festivities are gotten up on a more elaborate scale, or where the participants enjoy themselves in a more rational and really delightful manner, and hence we hope that the May party there on Thursday next will be as successful as it will be productive of social enjoyment and innocent recreation.

—The danger of leaving big holes lying around loose was exemplified to the great discomfort of a friend of ours a few days ago. Said friend, being afflicted with spring fever or some other subtle complaint, repaired to a hay mow to rest himself, and having fallen into an unquiet slumber rolled out of the hay-mow hole and brought up on the board walk beneath, a good deal worse for his somnambulistic adventure He is able to be about again, but reports one rib fractured, he thinks, and a general unsettling of his physical apparatus. The accident, however, has learned him a lesson, and that is, never to roost so high in the future.

LOCAL LEGISLATION.—The following is the Act relating to appeals from the decisions of the Commissioners to the Courts, in the matter of the assessment of taxes in this and several other counties of the State, as it has been amended and adopted by the Legislature and signed by the Governor:

AN ACT relating to the Assessment of Taxes in the Counties of Schuylkill, Dauphin, Indiana, Somerset and Cambria.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, in General Assembly met, and it is hereby enacted by authority of the same: That any freeholder of the counties of Schuylkill, Dauphin, Indiana, Somerset and Cambria, or owner of property in said counties who may feel aggrieved by any assessment of the property of such freeholder or owner, and be dissatisfied with the decision of the commissioners of the county upon an appeal made to them from the said assessment, may appeal from the decision of said commissioners to the court of common pleas of said county. And for that purpose may present to the said court at the next term thereof, after the said commissioners shall have informed a petition setting forth the cause of which ten days notice shall be given the commissioners by the party appealing. And the said court shall proceed at the said term to hear the said appeal. And the proofs in the case and due consideration being had of the average assessments in the county, shall make such decree affirming or reducing the assessment complained of, as to them shall seem just and right. And the prothonotary of the court shall issue subpœnas for witnesses in behalf of either the party appealing or the commissioners, to appear before the court. And the said court shall have power to make such order as to costs, as to them shall seem just and right.

The following bills relating to this county have also passed the Legislature:

No. 382. An Act to authorize the Burgess and Town Council of the Borough of Ebensburg, in the County of Cambria, to assess, levy and collect a special tax for the years 1871 and 1872.

No. 392. An Act relating to Conemaugh Borough, Cambria county, legalizing the survey thereof, changing the number and mode of electing councilmen therein, authorizing the council to borrow money for paving streets, empowering the Burgess to commit to the lockup house in Johnstown borough, and authorizing additional taxation.

DECORATION DAY.—A meeting of soldiers and citizens of Ebensburg and vicinity was held at the Court House on Tuesday evening last for the purpose of making arrangements for the decoration, in a becoming manner, of the graves of those brave defenders of their country whose remains have been interred in the various cemeteries in this vicinity. The meeting was organized by calling Col B. McDermitt to the chair and appointing Mr. E. James Secretary. The President stated the object for which they had assembled, after which the following named gentlemen were selected to make arrangements for and take charge of the celebration on that day—Tuesday May 30th:

Chief Marshal—S. W. Davis.

Assistant Marshals—Edgar Evans and D. T. James.

Captain—Hartman Berg.

Committee of Arrangements—J. A. Figan, J. T. Hutchinson, J. D. Barkley, Wm. B. Powacker and J. K. Hite.

The several clergymen of Ebensburg were cordially and respectfully invited to be present and take part in the exercises.

A programme for the occasion will be made out and published in our next issue.

FATAL ACCIDENT.—On Wednesday last, the parents of Alfred Johnson, living in Rayne township, about one mile from Marion, left home for the purpose of attending the funeral of a neighbor. During their absence, Alfred thought he would go hunting. He got his father's rifle, and while putting his foot upon the lock, attempted to blow in the muzzle to ascertain if it was loaded. While doing this, his foot slipped from the hammer, and the gun was discharged, the charge (an ordinary sized bullet) passed upward through his mouth and lodged at the base of the brain, causing his death almost instantly. A young sister was the only one in the house at the time. The mother and father were summoned, and their agony upon learning the nature of the accident was terrible.—Indiana Messenger.

AN OUTSIDE PASSENGER.—On Saturday evening week, as the Fast line pulled out from the station, Depot Master Wilson noticed a man, or boy, under one of the cars, and imagining that the object of the individual was to take a ride on one of the trucks, he immediately telegraphed to Gallitzin to stop the train and make examination. The train was stopped and the Inspector found a half grown boy perched on one of the trucks. How he had succeeded in maintaining his position was a mystery, but such things are not uncommon. Not long since, the Inspectors in this place found two men on the trucks of a night passenger train when it arrived from the West.—Altoona Tribune.

Local Correspondence.

JOHNSTOWN, May 17, 1871.

DEAR FREEMAN—Some genius has exhausted the midnight oil and the powers of a fertile brain in writing a lucid and glowing description of the Johnstown Public Square, at which the Fathers are wrathy, because he did not do justice to the subject. For instance, he failed to mention the beautiful flowers that adorn that modern Paradise, especially the cow sures, which can be reckoned by thousands As we only pay $50 apiece annually for the fire plugs, which we never use, some slight appropriation might be set apart for improving the Square. This genius, whoever he may be, had better go on, now that his "hand is in," and interview some of our OTHER city authorities who are rather prodigal of the public money, where there is a FRIEND to reward, or an ENEMY to punish. There are SUPERNUMERARIES in all the departments of our precious little government that could be dispensed with to the saving of at least two thousand dollars a year It takes, all in all, about $25,000 per year to run the whole municipal machine, and still no SUBSTANTIAL improvement is made in any department. The description of the Public Square referred to is really worth a republication.

The School Directors of our borough have now got their schools fairly under way. About 800 pupils attend these schools, and the entire cost of a nine months' term will be about $8,000, or ten dollars for each pupil. A singing teacher, a writing teacher and a superintendent are employed at about $1,900 for the term. Fourteen other teachers are employed at an average cost of about $500 per month. Notwithstanding these facilities for mental improvement, the PAY schools are all flourishing. The Sisters can find no room for the additional demands made upon them, and consequently have been forced to build. They are now having a building put up about sixty feet square and two stories high, which, when completed, will accommodate a large number of pupils. They can comfortably seat about one hundred at present Parents of all denominations are sending to their school, in preference to the common schools. They teach music, and many go to learn that branch alone.

A man named Trent was nearly drowned in Stony Creek the other night. His loud calls attracted the neighbors just in time to save his life. He alleges that he was knocked down by robbers and thrown into the creek at Leverigood's tannery. He was rescued a half mile further down. Where was the police?

The Millville schools will close the present term about the first of June. They are represented to be in a flourishing condition. The average term per cent. will reach 90. About four hundred pupils are in attendance regularly, and about 440 entered school. The schools will perhaps open again after a short vacation.

A stranger who was walking on the railroad near the station, on last Saturday evening, came near being knocked to kingdom come. He was standing between the tracks looking at a freight train approaching, when the eastern bound Cincinnati Express came along the other way and flung him against the freight train. He bounded back, fell between the tracks and bled freely. He was properly attended to by physicians, and recovered sufficiently to depart for some other place the same day. He made a narrow escape from a shocking death.

It is thought by many that the President will obtain a *grant* of leave of absence when his term is out.

Mrs. Rooney died suddenly in Kernville, on last Tuesday, of apoplexy. She was the wife of Mr. J. Rooney, of Blacklick township, lately deceased. We believe the family removed to this place about one year ago.

Query: How many children now going to school—even to the high schools—nay, how many teachers, can give one the name of the simplest flowers that decorate the gardens? How true it is that with all our pretensions to learning, the rising generation are rising in blissful ignorance of the commonest things. They cannot name even the colors of the flowers. R-s ROY.

THE LOCAL PAPER.—No observation can be truer than the remark of a contemporary, that local papers always render a full equivalent for their cost, and are deserving the support of the citizens of the whole county. There are in every vicinity many things of interest which the country papers make known, and which could reach the public in no other way. The reports of the proceedings of the courts, of public meetings, of local societies, etc, are all of general interest, and worth more than the paper costs. It is taken as an index by strangers of the prosperity of the section where published. One wishing to go to a new place, naturally looks to a local paper to give him information concerning the resources and development of the vicinity, and its appearance and contents exercise no small influence in deciding as to the desirableness of the location. The influence of a well conducted paper in attracting attention and immigration to a town and county and consequently increasing the value of property, is very great, and is a sufficient reason why it should receive support from all enterprising and intelligent citizens. Occasionally we hear a man say that times are so hard that he cannot afford to continue his county paper. We always pity that particular individual, not on account of his poverty, which must be simulated, but because we think of how the early education of his family is likely to be neglected. The local paper is a hyphen which connects the household with the outside world, and when that is broken off there must be a sad state of things at home.

"HONOR TO WHOM HONOR IS DUE."—It is a favorite theory with a certain class of philosophers that no man deserves special credit for doing right. We are not a philosopher to any great extent, but if we were we don't think we would muster under that banner—not in this day and generation, at least, when dishonesty is the rule rather than the exception. But that is not what we want to get at exactly. "What we wish to remark, and our language is plain, that for ways that are dark and tricks that are vain," some men are extremely peculiar. Not so is it with Drs. Oldshue, the celebrated and highly successful Pittsburgh physicians, nor with Messrs. Clements & Co., of Baltimore, the gentlemanly proprietors of that renowned medicinal preparation known as "Rosadalis." Both these firms have treated us as becometh gentlemen by promptly paying their respective bills on presentation, and that too without a murmur; and although they are not "alone in their glory," their conduct will serve as a case in point, and is of such a character as should "point a moral and adorn a tale." We take it that such men are worthy of pub ic confidence, both professionally and financially, and to the fullest extent have they earned and now receive our unqualified endorsement.

EXEMPTIONS FROM U. S LICENSE.—By a recent act of Congress the following classes and callings are now exempt from paying a license to the general government: Apothecaries, architects, assayers, auctioneers, boats, barges, &c., bowling alleys, billiard tables, all kinds of brokers, including stock dealers, builders and contractors, butchers, chain agents, licenses, confectioners, conveyancers, wholesale dealers, retail dealers, dentists, eating houses, exhibitions not otherwise provided for, express couriers and agents, gift enterprises, grinders of coffee and spices, horse dealers, hotel or inn keepers, insurance agents, intelligence office keepers, jugglers, lawyers, livery stable keepers, lottery ticket dealers, manufacturers, miners, patent agents, peddlers, photographers, plummers and gas fitters, physicians and surgeons, real estate agents, theatres, museums, concert halls, stallions and jacks.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.—Notice is hereby given, that if any person not commissioned and authorized shall, after this date, in any manner use or exercise the business or occupation of an auctioneer within the limits of the borough of Ebensburg, he shall, upon conviction thereof, for every such offence forfeit and pay not less than one hundred nor more than three hundred dollars—to be recovered in any court having jurisdiction therein, as debts are by law recoverable—one half of which fine shall be appropriated to the use of the Commonwealth and the other to the use of the person suing for the same. See Act of May 1st, 1861. M. L. OATMAN, Auctioneer.

Literary Notices.

THE FOUR QUARTERS.—This is the somewhat unique but none the less expressive and comprehensive title of a new eight paged Democratic weekly newspaper just established in Philadelphia by J. Tramor King, Esq., and of which G. Nelson Smith, Esq., is Associate Editor. It is a model journal in a political as well as literary point of view, and we hope it will prove a great success financially. Both the editors were former citizens of this county, and should receive a liberal patronage from their many friends here.

DEMOREST'S YOUNG AMERICA has become the standard Juvenile Magazine for all young Americans. The June No., just received, is fully up to its usual standard. Young America is now furnished at 10 cts. per copy, or $1 a year, with the choice of numerous valuable premiums, worth from $2 to $5 each, by paying 50 cts. extra. Do not fail to secure this best of all juvenile magazines, Young America, for your children. Address W. Jennings Demorest, 838 Broadway, Y. N.

THE June number of Demorest's Illustrated Monthly Magazine is superb. This magazine is undoubtedly the queen of our monthlies, especially on such matters as relate to dress and home interests. Demorest also offers as a premium, and sent post-free, to each subscriber, the fine Parlor Chromo, "Isn't She Pretty," after Lily M. Spencer, the retail price of which is $8, thus giving $11 in value for only $3. Every family should avail themselves of this splendid offer. Address W. Jennings Demorest, 838 Broadway, N. Y.

BALLOU'S MAGAZINE for June has appeared with a list of contents which will tempt the most indifferent of literary epicures. There are some twenty-six different articles in the June number, some of them handsomely illustrated. The great tale of the season, however, is "The Old Clerk's Secret," written for Ballou's by Levi Beardsley, Esq., the last special agent of a Washington department, and who has produced a wonderful story, full of incident and plot of Washington life. But all of the stories of this number are good. Terms, $1.50 per year, or 15 cents single copy. For sale all over the country. Address Thomes & Talbot, 63 Congress street, Boston.

FIRE AND LIFE INSURANCE.—Everybody is directly interested in *Insurance*. If you own real or personal property it is certainly to your interest to have it insured. You do not know how soon the same may be destroyed by fire, either by accident or the hand of the incendiary. You may feel perfectly safe now, but you do not know how soon you may need the assistance of the assurance company; therefore, it behooves you to look well to *your own interests*. If you have your property insured in a good, reliable company, you need not go begging among your neighbors for losses incurred by fire—on the contrary you can rest easy and be independent of any such obligations. On the same principle every man should have his life insured for the benefit of his family. No man knows how soon he may be called from life to eternity and leave his family in destitute circumstances. Your neighbor is good and reliable insurance companies he has the privilege and can easily provide against all such contingencies. It is well for all persons to carefully consider the policy of *insurance*, and then call upon Kerr & Co., 116 Tenth Avenue, Altoona, Pa., who are agents for all the most reliable Fire and Life Insurance Companies in the United States.

Foreign Exchange and Shipping are also among the specialities of this reliable firm, and passage tickets to and from all points in the world can be obtained from them at regular rates.

L. & H. MAYER,

NEW YORK DRY GOODS, CLOTHING AND MILLINERY STORE,

are receiving daily from the Eastern markets fresh arrivals of NEW GOODS for the summer trade, which they still offer to the public at *lowest prices*.

Below is a partial list of the departments, which will give a general idea of their stock:

Shawls, Cloaks,	Collars and Cuffs,
Velvets, Velveteens,	Bows and Neckties,
Black Silks,	Woven Skirts,
Colored Silks,	Small Wares,
Lyons Poplins,	Trimmings,
Fancy Poplins,	Serge Plaids,
Mottled Poplins,	Alpaca Plaids,
Costume Cloth,	Piques and
Sun Shades,	White Goods,
Embroideries, Laces,	Lawns and Percales,
Fancy Stripes,	Colored Alpacas,
Japanese Silks,	Ginghams,
Hosiery and Gloves,	Flannels, Ribbons,
Prints, Linens,	Notions,
Aprons, &c., &c.,	Ladies' Skirts,
Ready Made Clothing,	Handkerchiefs,
Shirts and Drawers,	Boys' Clothing,
Trunks and	Suspenders,
Traveling Bags,	Gum Coats, &c., &c.

THE continual and continued tramp of customers in and out of John J. Murphy's store is well calculated to recall to the student's mind the celebrated line of Virgil "Quadrupedante putrem sonitu quatat ungula campum"—only that his customers are ladies for the most part, and not horses. John is a clever and obliging man and deserves a Benjamin's portion of the people's custom. Be sure to call at the old Mansion House corner, Johnstown, and buy yourself rich, for Murphy makes goods go off at a canter.

A GIANT HAT.—L. Cohen & Brother have on exhibition at their store, No. 227 Main street, Johnstown, a giant hat of huge dimensions. It measures three feet across the crown, three inches up and down, and three-eighths of an inch at the brim. It wasn't made for T. Thumb, Esq., but if any person needs a good, fashionable summer hat, or a Sunday dress hat, that's the place to get it. He can also purchase a shirt there that has a closed bosom and open shoulders, and that can be adjusted to fit any person or shape. Go in and win.

FORTY BOXES AND TRUNKS.—Jas. J. Murphy has just received an immense stock of new Clothing at No. 199 Clinton street, Johnstown. Among his articles of dress may be found the prize collar. Every box of collars contains from five cents to a gold watch. Then he has all other description of paper collars, embracing some ten or twelve varieties, as well as all wool suits at $8 and upward, linen suits very cheap, hats, caps, Pelican bags, hand-trunks, umbrellas, etc. Call on Murphy—call at once.

TO LORETTO'S fair town, a place of renown, in search of a gown, went a lady named Brown or Black, White or Green; and when she got there, she searched every store, for goods such, that were—the finest that ever was seen; but when about to depart with an unsatisfied heart, into Christy's cheap store she happened to dart—and came out, after buying innumerable bundles of the most superb goods at a mere song, fully as happy as a queen on her throne or an old lady at a quilting party.

DON'T DO IT.—Don't go barefooted. It ain't the style, even in warm weather. Little boys who don't care for a stubbed toe or two, may do it with impunity, or in any other way, but misses and grown up folks should not barr their pedal extremities. Therefore keep your feet covered. Vinroe has the things to do it with. He is a nice man, keeps a nice stock, and nice people are they who deal with him. So if you want a nice thing all around go to Vinroe.

PROMISING.—The growing crops look well and an abundant harvest is in prospect, which leads us to surmise that there will be an increased demand for Mowers and Reapers, Hay Forks, &c., and induces us to remind those of our farmer friends who are not yet supplied with labor-saving machinery that they cannot be too rapid in leaving their orders with George Huntley, who furnishes the very best on the cheapest and most accommodating terms.

BOOKS, BOOKS, at Benshoff's News Depot, No 206 Main street, Johnstown, Pa. Mr. Benshoff Keeps all kinds of Sunday School books, Scrimal School books, family Bibles, hymn books, stationery, wall paper, water colors, drawing paper, etc. He has also for sale all the leading newspapers in the land. Those needing books should call at Benshoff's depot, as it contains the largest and best assortment in the county of all kinds of the latest publications.

THAT'S SO, TOO.—Deny it, or doubt it, or laugh if you will, it has always been true and is just as true still, that the place to behold in endless array the finest, the largest, the nicest display of clocks, watches and many things more, is at C. T. Roberts' jewelry and fancy goods store, where lady or miss, man, youth or boy can buy anything from a fine gold watch to a one penny toy.

BISCUIT.—We have been indulging of late in most delicious biscuit, compessed simply of flour, water, salt and Royal baking powders, and don't want anything more toothsome. Try them, neighbors, but don't attempt to make them of anything but the best of flour, which you can get at Mills' flour, feed and corn broom depot at lowest market rates. Those biscuit and Mills' flour can't be beat.

FOREIGN APPRECIATION OF AMERICAN CHEMISTS.—P. H. Malmsten, Professor of Chemistry and Medicine at Serafimer Hospital, Stockholm, writes, "I have tested Hall's Vegetable Sicilian Hair Renewer and can say that it will beautifully restore grayhair to its natural color."

—See advertisement of Hess & Brother in another column, and then see Hess & Brother about buying your spring clothing.

VINEGAR BITTERS, which everybody is taking and talking about, can be bought from M. L. Oatman & Co.

HYMENIAL.

HARVEY—MURRAY.—Married, in Loretto, on Tuesday last, by Rev. E. A. Bush, Mr. GEO. H. HARVEY and Miss ELLEN MURRAY, both of that vicinity.

OBITUARY.

KELLY.—Died, in Chest township, on April 27th, ELLEN, youngest daughter of Isaac and Sarah Kelly, aged 1 year, 9 months and 7 days.

SUMMER RESORT.

MOUNTAIN HOUSE, *Loretto, Cambria Co., Pa.*—F. BENGELE, Proprietor.—This fine Hotel has recently been refitted and refurnished in the most comfortable and attractive style, and is now open for the accommodation of the public. Persons visiting this romantic village will find it to their advantage and comfort to stop at this House. As a SUMMER RESORT it cannot be excelled. The House is large and commodious, the rooms comfortable and well ventilated; and being located on top of the Allegheny Mountains, where the air is at all times pure and invigorating, and being surrounded by the most picturesque and romantic scenery, where the streams are full of trout and the woods abound with game of all kind, it is a most desirable abiding place for those seeking either health or pleasure in the country during the summer season. Terms moderate, and will be made known by calling on or addressing the proprietor. [May 20, 1871.-3m.]

JUST OPENED:

NEW GOODS,

In Great Variety,

CHEAP, CHEAPER, CHEAPEST,

AT

GEIS & FOSTER'S

Nos. 113 and 115 Clinton Street,

JOHNSTOWN, PA,

DRESS GOODS!

—AND—

MILLINERY GOODS!!

SILKS! SILKS!! SILKS!!!

Plain Plaid and Striped Japanese Silk.....at $1.30 per yard.
Black Silks.....at $1.25 per yard.
Gros de Rhine Black Silk.....at $1.50 per yard.
and upward.
Cheney Brothers' Gros-Grain
Black Silk.....at $2.00 per yard.

OTHER DRESS GOODS.

20 cents Japanese Cloth for Suits.
" 18 cents Brown and Gray *Mixed* Poplins.
" 25 cents Black and Colored Poplin Alpacas, for Spring wear.
" 25 cents Colored Mohair Poplin—*rare bargain.*
" 30 cents, and upward, Black Alpacas.

NEW SHAWLS & SKIRTS

At $2.75, *Black Thibet Shawls, and*
At $3.50, *and upward, Broche Shawls.*
At $9.00, *and $2.00, Spring Skirts—great bargain.*
At $1.25, *and $1.40, Ladies' White Corded Skirts.*
At 75 cents, *Balmoral Skirts.*
At 50 cents, *Black and White Balmorals.*

A FULL LINE OF

MOURNING DRESS GOODS.

Black French Merinoes . . . Black Bombazines, Black Crape Veils, &c., &c.

New Cassimeres, Jeans, &c.

At 15 cents, and upward, Kentucky Jean.

HOUSEKEEPING DRY GOODS.

A COMPLETE STOCK.

Sheeting Muslins of all widths,
Shirting Muslins and
Table Linens and Towellings.
At 10 cents, 4-4 Bleached and Unbleached Muslins—special bargain.
At 12½ cts. 4-4 Bleached and Unbleached Muslin—a better bargain.
At 6¼ cents, Calicos.
At 75 cts. per doz., Linen Table Napkins.
At $1.50 per doz., Linen Table Napkins, very large sizes.
At 50 cents per yard, 7-4 Linen Table Cloth
White Toilet Quilts at $2.00—large sizes and large assortment.
Patent Shirt Fronts.
Lace Curtains.

AT GEIS & FOSTER'S,

113 and 115 Clinton Street, Johnstown.

A very large and varied stock of

Carpets and Oil Cloths!

All New Patterns.

Brussels Carpets,
Three Ply Carpets,
Ingrain Carpets,
Rag, Cottage & Hemp Carpets
Mattings and Rugs.

FLOOR OIL CLOTHS.

all widths, styles and qualities—4-4, 5-4, 6-4, 8-4.

We invite every lady and gentleman to call and examine our new stock of goods.

We warrant our goods and prices to be as represented, and sell strictly on the *One Price System*, and FOR CASH ONLY. Inspection and comparison of our prices will at once prove to every customer that our prices is the finest and easiest way of dealing, and the only system by which customers get full value for their money.

—AT—

GEIS & FOSTER'S,

ONE PRICE CASH STORE,

Nos. 113 and 115 Clinton Street,

Johnstown, Pa.

Cash Sales—Low Prices—Small Profits!

COME AND SEE! COME AND SEE!

LIST OF CAUSES set down for trial at June Term, 1871, commencing on MONDAY, THE 5TH DAY OF JUNE NEXT:

FIRST WEEK.

Albion Oswald	vs.	John H. Kennedy.
Henry Glass' use	vs.	Tate W. Alkison.
R. H. Taylor	vs.	John J. Jones.
A. P. Fields' use	vs.	Jones & Co.
Solomon Wagoner	vs.	Penna. R. R. Co.
Johnston Moore's use	vs.	Martin A. Miller.
J. Moore & Son	vs.	Martin Miller.
James Burk	vs.	Valentine Maltzie.
Thomas Burns	vs.	The School District of Clearfield Township.
Patrick Doran's use	vs.	William Butler.
Michael A. Byrne	vs.	Chest Springs Boro'.
Joseph Miller, Esq	vs.	George Gurley.

SECOND WEEK.

McGarrity	vs.	Burgoon.
Cooper	vs.	Patchin.
Crossman	vs.	Wilkes *et al.*
McConnell	vs.	Williams *et al.*
Hall, for use	vs.	Kirlinese.
Ex'r of A. E. Wike	vs.	James R. Cooper.
Kopp	vs.	McAleer.
Yost's Administrat're	vs.	Williams.
McKenna	vs.	Shanbaugh.
Platt	vs.	Cravery.
Longenecker	vs.	Blacklick Township.
Debell	vs.	L. & J. Durbin.
Fleming	vs.	Hauck, "feigned issue."

J. K. HITE, Prothonotary.
Prothonotary's Office, Ebensburg, May 13, 1871.

IN THE ORPHANS' COURT OF CAMBRIA COUNTY.—Notice is hereby given that the following Appraisement of certain personal property of a decedent, selected and set apart for the widow of an intestate, under the Act of Assembly of 14th of April, 1851, has been filed in the Register's Office at Ebensburg and will be presented to the Orphans' Court for approval on *Wednesday, the 7th day of June* next, to wit:

The inventory and appraisement of the personal property of Michael Grady, late of Millville borough, Cambria county, dec'd, set apart for the widow of said decedent—$99'00.

GEO. W. OATMAN, Clerk O. C.
Clerk's Office, Ebensburg, May 13, 1871, 4t.

SHERIFF'S SALES.—By virtue of sundry writs of *Fend. Expon.* and *Levari Facias* issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Cambria county, and to me directed, there will be exposed to Public Sale, at the Court House in *Ebensburg*, on MONDAY, the 5TH DAY OF JUNE next, at 1 o'clock, P. M., the following Real Estate, to wit:

All the right, title and interest of Alice Hagan, of, in and to a Lot of Ground situate in Gallitzin township, Cambria county, fronting 83-10 perches on the New Portage Rail Road, on the south an alley, on the east lands of James McCloskey, on the west by Lot No. 21, known as Lot No. 22, having thereon erected a one-and-a-half story Plank House, with shed roof attached—now in the occupancy of Andrew Flitts. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of John Bradley.

Also, all the right, title and interest of A. Humphreys, of, in and to a Tract of Land situate in Chest township, Cambria county, adjoining lands warranted in the names of Samuel Kuth, Wm. Parker, John Ashley, and others, containing 400 Acres, more or less, unimproved. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of Martin Yahner, jr.

Also, all the right, title and interest of Martin Seymore, of, in and to a piece or parcel of land situate in Carroll township, Cambria county, adjoining lands of John Bennett, John Davis, and others, containing 60 Acres, more or less, about 30 Acres of which are cleared, having thereon erected a one story Log House and Log Barn—now in the occupancy of Martin Seymore. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of J. Moore & Son.

Also, all the right, title and interest of David Wilhelm, of, in and to the following described Building and Lot of Ground, to wit: A one-and-a-half story Frame House, about sixteen feet by eighteen feet, and a Frame Stable about ten feet by twenty (20) feet, situate in the village of Hemlock, Washington township, Cambria county, and in Tiley's block of lots, bounded on the north by a lot of Wm. Tiley, on the south by a street, on the east by a street, and on the west by an alley, fronting 50 feet and extending back 150 feet. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of Pute W. Allison, for the use of James M. Cooper and Samuel Milliken.

Also, all the right, title and interest of Geo. Litzinger, of, in and to a piece or parcel of land situate in Allegheny township, Cambria county, adjoining lands of W. A. K. Little on the north, Joseph Null on the west and the Philipsburg road on the south-east, containing 19 Acres, more or less, all cleared, having thereon erected a two story Plank House—now in the occupancy of George Litzinger. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of C. D. McCloey & Co.

Also, all the right, title and interest of Thos. Brannon, of, in and to a piece or parcel of land situate in Munster township, Cambria county, adjoining lands of Mrs. Susan Gallagher, Joseph O'Brien, and others, containing 2½ Acres, more or less, all cleared, having thereon erected a Log Stable, not now occupied. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of John O'Brien.

Also, all the right, title and interest of Jos. Trexler, of, in and to a piece or parcel of land situate in Clearfield township, Cambria county, adjoining lands of Mary Benton, David Trexler, and others, containing 75 Acres, more or less, about 25 Acres of which are cleared, having thereon erected a one story Log House and Frame Barn—now in the occupancy of Joseph Trexler. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of Mary Bendon.

Also, all the right, title an interest of Benjamin F. Byers, of, in and to all that certain tract or lot of land situate in White township, Cambria county, bounded and described according to courses and allowances, beginning at a stone heap, in a field, thence north 85 degrees to a post or dogwood, thence east 100 perches to a hemlock, thence 85 perches to a post, thence west 100 perches to the place of be

STRANGE PICTURES.

Mysterious Daguerreotypes on Window-Panes in Ohio.

Milan, for the past two months has had a sensation, has been the centre again of a good deal of talk and interest, owing to the fact there has come upon the glass of certain windows there the appearance of pictures of human faces that look somewhat like daguerreotypes that were taken twenty years ago, before the art was brought to its present high state of perfection. The first appearance of the glass is a stony steel color, interspersed with a dull ashen color. Or it has somewhat the appearance of water that has tar or crude oil mixed with it, and one can see the oily substance floating on the top of the water, giving it a variety of colors.—When this discoloration of the glass is first noticed, there is no clearly defined outline of a human face, but gradually, day by day, in the centre of this discolored appearance, a face begins to shape and form, until it requires no stretch of the imagination in order to see the well-defined features of an individual who appears to be looking out of the window from the room within. You go into the room, and look out through the glass that has the picture upon it, and nothing can be seen. The glass is just as clear, apparently, as when it came from the maker's hands. Most of the rooms containing the windows having these pictures upon them are vacant ones, and have been for some time, although they have appeared upon the windows of rooms that are occupied. The plainest picture is that of a middle-aged man upon the window of an old building in North Milan, across the Huron River. It was built for a hotel and used for that purpose for a long time, but is falling into decay now, and is used as a dwelling house and occupied by a Mr. Horner. On the window of an unoccupied room, fronting east, is the picture, plain and well developed, so that one can see the hairy eyes, nose, mouth and whiskers as clearly as in any of the old daguerreotypes that I have mentioned before. How this picture came there, or by what agency it was produced, no one can tell. We cross the river and enter Milan proper, and going in front of Andrews' Hall look up to one of the windows, stepping back slowly in order to get the right angle, so that the light shall fall properly upon the glass we are looking at. Ah, we have it now, and we see a face that some say is Washington's. It is the well-defined picture of a man's head and shoulders. The head is covered with a military three-cornered hat, slightly shading a broad forehead, while the deep-set eyes, straight nose, firm mouth, square-set jaws and smooth-shaven face are plainly to be seen. How it came there, or by what agency it was produced, no one can tell. Deacon Ashley, a member in good standing in the Presbyterian Church, and a worthy man, keeps a jeweler's store on the south side of the square, in Milan. One of these pictures commenced to show itself upon one of the upper windows of his store. The deacon protested, but day by day it continued to develop into the features of a negro woman. The deacon called in the services of soap and sand, but that would not eradicate it, and finally, despairing of disposing of it in any other way, he took paint and brush and hid it out of sight by painting the glass over, letting it remain so for a number of weeks, and then removing the paint from the glass, when he found it was still there as plain as ever, and now he has come to the conclusion to let it alone, as he says it is growing plainer every day, so that one can see the ruffles around the border of the old negress' cap. I hope my Republican friends who read this will not fall into the error that because the deacon strove so strenuously to drive away the picture of the negro woman that he is a Democrat, for he is not, but, on the contrary, has always been identified with the Republican party; therefore they cannot say it is a judgment upon him because he hates the "nigger." On two of the windows in the Exchange Hotel, in Milan, there are also two pictures, one of which resembles a Major Marsh, who died there soon after coming out of the army. The above I have from those who knew the Major before he died, but to me the features are not so plain as the other three I have described. The other picture on the Exchange Hotel has three female figures in it, who seems to be sustaining a man in a reclining position, as though he had just escaped from the toils, cares, vexations and sorrows of earthly life, and was yet too weak and enfeebled to open his eyes and senses to the beauties and angel influences that surrounded him. People come from quite a distance to see these pictures, and almost every one has a theory of his or her own in regard to the manner in which they are produced. Here are the facts; take them and draw your own inferences from them.—*Milan, Ohio, Cor. Chicago Times.*

"ROMANCE."—A New York correspondent relates the following as a "romance," but where the romance comes in we can't for the life of us see:

There is a romance related of a young couple who arrived here a day or two ago from California. The lady, who is the daughter of a wealthy San Francisco merchant, secretly married a young gambler of that city, whom she had met at a public ball. Soon afterward her father wanted her to marry a thriving business man from New York. She informed him of her marriage, but said that, as her husband was getting tired of her, he might be bought off, and faciliate her getting a divorce. The father consequently negotiated with the young man, and $20,000 was decided upon as the price to be paid. The divorce was obtained, the money handed over, and the father felicitated himself that the New Yorker's path was clear. The latter unsuspectingly continued his attentions, showered presents of jewelry upon her, and the wedding day was set. Suddenly the young lady disappeared, and wrote to her father that she had remarried her gambling husband, and had reason to think that they could live a long while on the $20,000 he had obtained. The father concluded to give up his opposition, and make the young man his agent in this city, if he would promise to give up his sporting habits. He promised, and is now here arranging preliminaries.

A WOMAN RULER.—The Kulmaks are ruled by an elderly woman. A Tartar who had returned from Kuldja related at Fort Vernoe that he had seen this Kulmak ruler proceeding to an interview with the chief of Taranchis. Her hair, he said, hung in long tresses down her back. They were so heavy with gold coins and other precious ornaments that they had to be supported by two men as she walked. It might be premature as yet to follow the example of this old lady of Dzungaria Proper, but there can be no doubt that bank notes might be used as curlpaper with the most pleasing effect, and that any young lady appearing with head thus adorned would not suffer from any lack of admirers.

WAIT FOR THE WAGON!—All kinds of WAGONS kept on hand or made to order on short notice, and at the most reasonable prices. Work warranted to give satisfaction. Call on or address

E. H. SINGER,
Railroad St., Johnstown.
15-3m.

THE GREAT
OAK HALL
CLOTHING
EMPORIUM!
241 Main Street Johnstown.

S. J. HESS & BROTHER
HAVE NOW ON HAND
The Largest, Best Made
AND MOST DURABLE
Stock of Clothing
EVER KEPT IN JOHNSTOWN,
consisting chiefly of

MEN'S COATS,
MEN'S PANTS,
MEN'S VESTS;
YOUTHS' COATS,
YOUTHS' PANTS,
YOUTHS' VESTS;
BOYS' COATS,
BOYS' PANTS,
BOYS' VESTS.

We have also constantly in stock a complete assortment of
GENT'S FURNISHING GOODS,
Hats, Caps, Trunks, Valises, &c.

☞ We are prepared to make to order Clothing of every description on the shortest notice.
Call at No. 241 Main Street,
AND SEE HOW IT IS YOURSELVES!
Johnstown, April 22, 1871.-6m.

NEW FIRM IN AN OLD STAND
COME and SEE!
GOOD GOODS & GREAT BARGAINS
FOR THE READY CASH!

HAVING become proprietors of the STORE ROOM and STOCK OF GOODS recently belonging to H. A. Shoemaker & Co., and having purchased additional

STOCK OF NEW GOODS
IN GREAT VARIETY,

we are now prepared to supply all the old customers of the late firm, and as many new ones as will patronize us, with Goods of all kinds at
PRICES FULLY AS LOW
as any other merchant in or out of Cambria county. It is our intention to keep our Store constantly stocked with a full and well selected assortment of DRY GOODS, DRESS GOODS, FANCY GOODS, NOTIONS, BOOTS, SHOES, HATS, CAPS, CLOTHING, CARPETS, FURNITURE, OIL CLOTHS, QUEENSWARE, GROCERIES, FLOUR, BACON, FISH, SALT, TOBACCO, CIGARS, and all other articles, large or small, that can be found in any store of like character in the county; and as we intend to
SELL EXCLUSIVELY for CASH
OR COUNTRY PRODUCE,
and make no bad debts, we feel sure that our stock and our prices will not only secure but retain for us a liberal share of patronage.
EARLY VISITS FROM ONE AND ALL
are respectfully solicited, and if we fail to render entire satisfaction, both as regards the quality of our goods, and the rates asked for them, it will certainly be no fault of the new firm at the old stand of Shoemaker & Co., High street. Don't forget to call and we'll not forget to give you full value for your money.
MYERS & LLOYD.
Ebensburg, Jan. 28, 1871.-tf.

TOWN and COUNTRY PROPERTY
AT PRIVATE SALE.

1. A LOT OF GROUND in Mooretown, with good Plank House and Outbuildings. Cellar under the entire house. Will be sold cheap and on easy terms.
2. ONE LOT OF GROUND in Mooretown, 66 feet front on Main street and 200 feet deep. A choice, desirable building Lot. It is a most desirable location for building.
3. A LARGE TWO STORY FRAME HOUSE on Lot adjoining the above; finely finished and with all conveniences. Good outbuildings and an abundance of fruit trees.
4. A TWO STORY FRAME HOUSE in East Ward of Ebensburg. Cellar kitchen, well and cistern water. Good outbuildings and office on same Lot. All in good repair. Located on Main street. Rents for $180.
5. A LARGE TWO STORY FRAME HOUSE in the West Ward, well suitable for two families.—Lot 53 feet front on Main street and 294 feet deep. Could be divided. Rents for $150.
6. A TWO STORY FRAME HOUSE in West Ward, suitable for two families. Lot 66 feet front on Main street and 100 feet deep. A desirable property.
7. BUILDING LOTS in West Ward, Ebensb'g.
8. PASTURE LOTS, of about 6 acres each, one mile from town.
9. TIMBER, suitable for cord wood, on LOTS of 6 or 8 acres each, one mile from town.
10. SEVEN HUNDRED SMOCK TIMBER LAND. Will cut 1,000,000 feet lumber. One and a half miles from Ebensburg.
11. A FARM OF 160 ACRES, convenient to Ebensburg; mostly cleared and in good order. Will be sold separately or with No. 10.
☞ All the above described property will be sold cheap and on easy terms. Those desiring to purchase will call on or address the undersigned on or before the 1st day of January next.
J. ALEX. MOORE,
or F. A. SHOEMAKER.
Ebensburg, Dec. 1, 1870.

JOHNSTOWN FURNITURE EMPORIUM.
WM. P. PATTON,
Manufacturer and Dealer in
—ALL KINDS OF—
CABINET FURNITURE
Nos. 150 and 152 Clinton Street,
JOHNSTOWN, PA.

BUREAUS,	CANE CHAIRS,
BEDSTEADS,	WOOD SEAT CHAIRS,
WASHSTANDS,	KITCHEN FURNITURE,
SIDEBOARDS,	BED LOUNGES,
CHAMBER SETS,	MATTRESSES,
PARLOR SETS,	TETE-A-TETES,
WARDROBES,	EXTENSION TABLES,
BOOK CASES,	DINING TABLES,
LOUNGES,	CUPBOARDS,

&c., &c., &c., &c., &c., &c., &c., &c., &c., &c., &c.
EVERY DESCRIPTION OF
SCHOOL AND HALL FURNITURE
made to order in excellent style and at fair prices. Cabinet and Chairmakers' materials of all kinds for sale. Furniture delivered at any point in Johnstown or at Railroad Station free of extra charge. WM. P. PATTON.
Johnstown, Oct. 13, 1870.-tf.

LORETTO MARBLE WORKS.
PRICES REDUCED!
And Work Warranted!

MONUMENTS, TOMB STONES, BUREAU and TABLE TOPS, made of the finest Italian Marble and in style of workmanship not surpassed by any manufacturer. Give me a call before deciding upon purchasing or ordering work elsewhere. JAMES WILKINSON.
Loretto, April 22, 1871.-tf.

MUSIC! MUSIC!!—The "SISTERS OF ST. JOSEPH"

will be prepared to give Lessons on the PIANO-MELODEON or CABINET ORGAN at any time after Easter.
☞ For terms apply to the Superioress, Sister M. HORTENSE, or to REV. R. C. CHRISTY
Charges moderate.
Ebensburg, April 1, 1871.-tf.

TIMBER LAND FOR SALE.—The subscriber offers for sale on accommodating terms, 50 Acres of Timber Land in Chest township, some seven miles north of Carrolltown. Said Tract is covered with Poplar, Linn and Pine Timber, and is within one-fourth mile of a Saw Mill. For terms and other information call on or write to
JOHN J. WARNER,
[4-1.-tf.] St. Lawrence, Cambria Co., Pa.

HENRY T. HELMBOLD'S
COMPOUND FLUID
EXTRACT CATAWBA
GRAPE PILLS.
Component Parts—Fluid Extract Rhubarb and Fluid Extract Catawba Grape Juice.
For Liver Complaints, Jaundice, Bilious Affections, Sick or Nervous Headache, Costiveness, &c. Purely Vegetable, containing no mercury, minerals, or deleterious drugs.

These Pills are the most delightfully pleasant purgative, superceding castor oil, salts, magnesia, etc. There is nothing more acceptable to the stomach. They give tone, and cause neither nausea nor griping pains. They are composed of the FINEST INGREDIENTS. After a few days' use of them, such an invigoration of the entire system takes place as to appear miraculous to the weak and enervated, whether arising from imprudence or disease. H. T. Helmbold's Compound Fluid Extract Catawba Grape Pills are not sugar-coated, from the fact that sugar-coated Pills do not dissolve, but pass through the stomach without dissolving, consequently do not produce the desired effect. The CATAWBA GRAPE PILLS, being pleasant in taste and odor, do not necessitate their being sugar-coated. Price Fifty Cents per Box.

HENRY T. HELMBOLD'S
Highly Concentrated Compound
FLUID EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA

Will radically exterminate from the system Scrofula, Syphilis, Fever Sores, Ulcers, Sore Eyes, Sore Legs, Sore Mouth, Sore Head, Bronchitis, Skin Diseases, Salt Rheum, Cankers, Running at the Ear, White Swellings, Tumors, Cancerous Affections, Nodes, Rickets, Glandular Swellings, Night Sweats, Rash, Tetter, Humors of all kinds, Chronic Rheumatism, Dyspepsia, and all diseases that have been established in the system for years.

Being prepared expressly for the above complaints, its blood-purifying properties are greater than any other preparation of Sarsaparilla. It frees the blood from all impurities, and gives it a clear and healthy color, and restores the patient to a state of health and purity. For purifying the blood, removing all chronic constitutional diseases arising from an impure state of the blood, and the only reliable and effectual remedy for the cure of pains and swelling of the bones, ulcerations of the Throat and Legs, Blotches, Pimples on the Face, Erysipelas, and all Scaly Eruptions of the Skin, and Beautifying the Complexion. Price, $1.50 per bottle.

HENRY T. HELMBOLD'S
Concentrated Fluid Extract BUCHU.
The Great Diuretic.

has cured every case of DIABETES in which it has been given. Irritation of the Neck of the Bladder, and Inflammation of the Kidneys, Ulceration of the Kidneys and Bladder, Retention of the Urine, Diseases of the Prostrate Gland, Stone in the Bladder, Calculus, Gravel, Brick-Dust Deposit, and Mucous or Milky Discharges, and for Enfeebled and Delicate Constitutions of both sexes, attended with the following symptoms: Indisposition to Exertion, Loss of Power, Loss of Memory, Difficulty of Breathing, Weak Nerves, Trembling, Horror of Disease, Wakefulness, Dimness of Vision, Pain in the Back, Hot Hands, Flushing of the Body, Dryness of the Skin, Eruption of the Face, Pallid Countenance, Universal Lassitude of the Muscular System, &c.

Used by persons from the ages of eighteen to twenty-five, and from thirty-five to fifty-five, or in the decline or change of life; after confinement or labor pains; bed-wetting in children.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU is Diuretic and Blood-Purifying, and cures All Diseases arising from Habits of Dissipation and Excesses and Imprudence in Life, Impurities of the Blood, &c., superseding Copaiba in affections for which it is used, and Syphilitic affections—in these diseases used in connection with Helmbold's Rose Wash.

In many affections peculiar to Ladies the Extract Buchu is unequalled by any other remedy can be in Chlorosis or Retention, Irregularity, Painfulness or Suppression of customary Evacuations, Ulcerated or Schirrus State of the Uteris, Leucorrhœa or Whites, Sterility, and for all complaints incident to the sex, whether arising from indiscretion or habits of dissipation. It is prescribed extensively by the most eminent physicians and midwives for Enfeebled and Delicate Constitutions, of both sexes and all ages (attended with any of the above diseases or symptoms).

H. T. Helmbold's EXTRACT BUCHU
CURES DISEASES ARISING FROM
Imprudences, Dissipated Habits, &c.,

in all their stages, at little expense, little or no change in diet, no inconvenience, and no exposure. It causes a frequent desire, and gives strength to urinate, thereby removing Obstructions, preventing and curing Strictures of the Urethra, allaying Pain and Inflammation, so frequent in this class of diseases, and expelling all Poisonous matter.

Thousands who have been the victims of incompetent persons, and who have paid heavy fees to be cured in a short time, have found that they have been deceived, and that the "Poison" has, by the use of "powerful astringents," been dried up in the system, to break out in a more aggravated form, perhaps after Marriage.

Use HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU for all affections and diseases of the Urinary Organs, whether existing in the Male or Female, from whatever cause originating, and no matter of how long standing. Price, One Dollar and Fifty Cents per Bottle.

HENRY T. HELMBOLD'S
IMPROVED ROSE WASH

cannot be surpassed as a Face Wash, and will be found the only specific remedy in every species of Cutaneous Affection. It speedily eradicates Pimples, Spots, Scorbutic Dryness, Indurations of the Cutaneous Membrane, &c.; dispels Redness and Incipient Inflammation, Hives, Rash, Moth Patches, Dryness of Scalp or Skin, Frost Bites, and all purposes for which Salves or Ointments are used; restores the Skin to a state of purity and softness, and insures continued healthy action of the tissue of its vessels, on which depends the agreeable clearness and vivacity of complexion so much sought and admired. But however valuable as a remedy for existing defects of the skin, H. T. Helmbold's Rose Wash has long sustained its principal claim to unbounded patronage, by possessing qualities which render it a Toilet Appendage of the most superlative and congenial character, combining in an elegant formula those prominent requisites, safety and efficacy—the invariable accompaniments of its use—as a Preserver and Embellisher of the Complexion. It is an excellent Lotion for diseases of Syphilitic Nature, and as an Injection for diseases of the Urinary Organs, arising from habits of dissipation, used in connection with the Extract Buchu, Sarsaparilla, and Catawba Grape Pills, in such diseases as recommended, cannot be surpassed. Price, One Dollar per Bottle.

Full and explicit directions accompany the medicines.

Evidences of the most responsible and reliable character furnished on application, with hundreds of thousands of living witnesses, and upwards of 30,000 unsolicited certificates and recommendatory letters, many of which are from the highest sources, including eminent Physicians, Clergymen, Statesmen, &c. The proprietor has never resorted to their publication in the newspapers; he does not do this from the fact that his articles rank as Standard Preparations, and do not need to be propped up by certificates.

H. T. Helmbold's Genuine Preparations
Delivered to any address. Secure from observation. ESTABLISHED UPWARD OF TWENTY YEARS. Sold by Druggists everywhere. Address letters for information, in confidence, to HENRY T. HELMBOLD, Druggist and Chemist.
Only Depots: H. T. Helmbold's Drug and Chemical Warehouse, No. 594 Broadway, New York, or to H. T. Helmbold's Medical Depot, 104 South Tenth Street, Philadelphia, Pa.
☞ Beware of Counterfeits! Ask for Henry T. Helmbold's! Take no other! [Feb.18.-5m.]

AN UNAPPRECIATED POEM.

There was once a man named Peter, and he had a lovely daughter,
And a-fishing he did used to go upon the raging sea;
And all the shrimps and sharks he caught he took, as he had oughter,
And put them in a paper bag, and fetched them home to she.

Now Sallie was this maiden's name, for her lips were red as radishes,
Her cheeks were pink, her eyes were green, her hair was jetty black,
But she had an awful temper, and whenever she got mad, dishes
Went flying about the room, in a regular hecatamack.

There lived a dashing buccaneer, whose Christian name was Samuel,
And a fashionable peanut stand his aged mother kept;
And by doing Sallie's wishes (which the festive, gay young clam knew well,)
He gained her youthful heart and into her affections crept.

But her father did not fancy Sam, and bade him leave the edifice,
And withdraw his ugly visage from his sight forevermore;
And he swore a mighty oath that he would surely punch his head if his
Blamed countenance was ever seen protruding in the door.

One night Pete felt tremendous blue, his head was rather achy,
And his jaws throbbed until he surely tho't he'd get the scarlet mumps;
Trade, too, had been quite dull of late, the oyster biz was shaky,
And pondering o'er his woes he caught a chronic fit of dumps.

Just then Samuel came along, a trolling Yankee Doodle
As a sign for Sallie to come out and meet him in the lane,
And Peter he got up and vowed he'd send that bloody noodle
To where he'd ne'er annoy his sight or cross his path again.

So he took an old umbrella, which was standing in the corner,
And just got up and lit on gentle Sammy as he came;
He then drew off and let him have, right on his Roman horn, a
Most all-fired lick, which showed the accuracy of his aim.

Poor Sam, he never breathed again; that bright dream was a final one,
For Peter got ferocious and pulled out a carving knife,
And hunting round until he found the cord they call the spinal one,
He chopped it up in fourteen strips and took poor Sammy's life.

When Sallie saw her love was dead, her brain began to stagger,
So she went and buyed and bolted down of arsenic a pound;
In her anguish-laden bosom next she plunged a four-foot dagger,
And laid down beside her Samuel with his neck her arms around.

Then anguish filled Pa Peter's soul; he ate a keg of powder,
Drank a quart of nitro-glycerine, and then to crown it all,
Swallowed down a red hot poker, and went off fourteen times louder
Than the largest cannon that can throw a twenty-four inch ball.

They buried all they found of him within a graveyard rural;
"IN PACIBUS QUESCAT" on his tombstone one may scan;
For the number they felt forced to use was certainly the plural,
For if ever man in PIECES rested, Peter was that man. —Harvard Advocate.

THE IMMOVABLE MULE.

The mule stood on a steamboat deck,
The land he would not tread;
They pulled the halter round his neck,
And cracked him o'er the head.

Yet firm and steadfast there he stood
As though formed to rule;
A creature of heroic blood
Was that there cussed mule.

They cussed and swore—he would not go
Until he felt inclined;
And though they showered blow on blow,
He wouldn't change his mind.

The deck hands to the shore then cried,
"This here mule's bound to stay,"
And still upon the critter's hide
With lash they fired away.

His master from the shore replied—
"The boat's about to sail,
And as ev'ry other means you've tried,
Suppose you twist his tail!

"It's likely that will make him land."
The deck man, brave, though pale,
Approached him with his outstretched hand,
To twist that there mule's tail.

There came a sudden kick behind!
That man—oh! where was he?
Ask of the softly blowing wind,
The fishes in the sea.

For a moment there was not a sound,
As that mule winked his eye,
As if to ask of those around,
"Now, how is that for high?"

"Cut that there mule's throat right away,"
The captain did command.
But the noblest critter killed that day
Was the fearless, brave deck hand.

JAMES F. MILLIKEN,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
AND REAL ESTATE AGENT,
HOLLIDAYSBURG, PA.

Special attention given to the collection of claims in Blair, Cambria, Huntingdon, Bedford, Centre and Clearfield counties.
Parties wishing to purchase, rent, lease, sell or exchange real estate will find it greatly to their interests to call on or address me.
☞ Correspondence in either English or German solicited.
REFERENCES—Wm. Mann, Esq., Messrs. Morgan, Bush & Co., Gen'l C. H. T. Collis, Philadelphia; Messrs. J. T. Way & Bro., W. M. Gormley, Esq., H. B. Swoope, Esq., Pittsburg; Hon. John Scott, Huntingdon; Hon. S. S. Blair, Hollidaysburg; Hon. B. F. Rose, Altoona; D. W. Woods, Esq., Lewistown; Cyrus Elder, Esq., Johnstown; Wm. P. Wilson, Esq., Bellefonte. [1-12.-1y.]

REAL ESTATE AGENCY
—OF—
GEO. W. OATMAN & CO.
Office in Colonade Row.

Several parties wish to secure Houses in Ebensburg at fair rents.
Houses and Lots are for rent on fair terms.
Give us a description and price of what you have for rent.
Let us know what kind of a House or House and Lot you wish to secure as a tenant.
Have you *REAL or PERSONAL PROPERTY* you wish to sell, or do you wish to buy?
COME AND SEE US AT ONCE!
☞ Our terms are reasonable for all services relative to above matters. See "Real Estate Gazette." GEO. W. OATMAN & CO.
Ebensburg, Feb. 4, 1871.-tf.

F. P. TIERNEY.....JAMES NULL.
LAW AND COLLECTION OFFICE
—OF—
TIERNEY & NULL,
Colonade Row, Ebensburg, Pa.
☞ Special attention paid to collections in all parts of the United States. [2-18-'71.-tf.]

R. L. GEORGE, ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Ebensburg, Pa. Office in room recently occupied by Wm. H. Sechler, Esq., in Colonade Row. All manner of legal business faithfully attended to, and the collection of claims, etc., made a specialty. [2-4.-tf.]

F. A. SHOEMAKER.....GEO. A. BERRY.
SHOEMAKER & BERRY,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,
March 11, 1871. EBENSBURG, PA.

1871. SPRING. 1871.
I am now prepared to offer
SUPERIOR INDUCEMENTS
TO CASH PURCHASERS OF
TIN, SHEET-IRON & COPPER WARE,
EITHER AT
WHOLESALE OR RETAIL.

My stock consists in part of every variety of
Tin, Sheet-Iron,
COPPER AND BRASS WARES,
ENAMELLED AND PLAIN
SAUCE-PANS, BOILERS, &c,
COAL SHOVELS, MINE LAMPS, OIL CANS, HOUSEFURNISHING HARDWARE OF EVERY KIND.

Spear's Anti-Dust
HEATING AND COOKING STOVES,
EXCELSIOR COOKING STOVES,
NOBLE, TRIUMPH AND PARLOR COOKING STOVES,

And any Cooking Stove desired I will get when ordered at manufacturer's prices.—Odd Stove Plates and Grates, &c., for repairs, on hand for the Stoves I sell; others will be ordered when wanted. Particular attention given to
Spouting, Valleys and Conductors,
all of which will be made out of best materials and put up by competent workmen.

Lamp Burners, Wick and Chimneys
WHOLESALE OR RETAIL.

I would call particular attention to the Light House Burner, with Glass Cone, for giving more light than any other in use. Also, the Paragon Burner, for Crude Oil.

SUGAR KETTLES AND CAULDRONS
of all sizes constantly on hand.

Special attention given to
Jobbing in Tin, Copper and Sheet-Iron,
at lowest possible rates.

WHOLESALE MERCHANTS' LISTS
now ready, and will be sent on application by mail or in person

Hoping to see all my old customers and many new ones this Spring, I return my most sincere thanks for the very liberal patronage I have already received, and will endeavor to please all who may call, whether they buy or not.
FRANCIS W. HAY.
Johnstown, March 7, 1867.

GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICES!
TO CASH CUSTOMERS!
AT THE EBENSBURG
HOUSE-FURNISHING STORE.

The undersigned respectfully informs the citizens of Ebensburg and the public generally that he has made a great reduction in prices to CASH BUYERS. My stock will consist, in part, of *Cooking, Parlor and Heating Stoves*, of the most popular kinds; *Tinware* of every description, of my own manufacture; *Hardware* of all kind, such as Locks, Screws, Butt Hinges, Table Hinges, Shutter Hinges, Bolts, Iron and Nails, Window Glass, Putty, Table Knives and Forks, Carving Knives and Forks, Meat Cutters, Apple Parers, Pen and Pocket Knives in great variety, Scissors, Shears, Razors and Strops, Axes, Hatchets, Hammers, Boring Machines, Augers, Chissels, Planes, Compasses, Squares, Files, Rasps, Anvils, Vises, Wrenches, Rip, Panel and Cross-Cut Saws, Chains of all kinds, Shovels, Spades, Scythes and Snaths, Rakes, Forks, Sleigh Bells, Shoe Lasts, Pegs, Wax Bristles, Clothes Wringers, Grind Stones, Patent Molasses Gates and Measures, Lumber Sticks, Horse Nails, Horse Shoes, Cast Steel, Rifles, Shoe Guns, Revolvers, Pistols, Cartridges, Powder, Caps, Lead, &c., Odd Stove Plates, Grates and Fire Bricks, Well and Cistern Pumps and Tubing; *Harness and Saddlery Ware* of all kind; *Wooden and Willow Ware* in great variety; Carbon Oil and Oil Lamps, Fish Oil, Lard Oil, Linseed Oil, Lubricating Oil, Rosin, Tar, Glassware, Paints, Varnishes, Turpentine, Alcohol, &c.

FAMILY GROCERIES,
such as Tea, Coffee, Sugars, Molasses, Syrups, Spices, Dried Peaches, Dried Apples, Fish, Hominy, Crackers, Rice and Pearl Barley; Soaps, Candles; TOBACCO and CIGARS; Paint, Whitewash, Scrub, Horse, Shoe, Dusting, Varnish, Stove, Clothes and Tooth Brushes, all kinds and sizes; Bed Cords and Manilla Ropes, and many other articles at the lowest rates for CASH.
☞ *House Spouting* made, painted and put up at low rates for *cash*. A liberal discount made to country dealers buying Tinware wholesale. GEO. HUNTLEY
Ebensburg, Feb. 28, 1867.-tf.

GEORGE W. YEAGER,
Wholesale and Retail Dealer in
HEATING AND COOK STOVES
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,
TIN, COPPER AND SHEET-IRON WARE
OF HIS OWN MANUFACTURE,
And GENERAL JOBBER in SPOUTING
and all other work in his line.
Virginia Street, near Caroline Street
ALTOONA, PA.

The only dealer in the city having the right to sell the renowned "BARLEY SHEAF" COOK STOVE, the most perfect complete and satisfactory Stove ever introduced to the public.
STOCK IMMENSE. - PRICES LOW.
SATISFACTION GUARANTEED.

GAY & WELSH
Successors to Gay & Painter,
WHOLESALE
Grocers and Commission Merchants
AND DEALERS IN
FLOUR, PRODUCE, FISH, SALT, CARBON OILS, &c., &c.,
862 LIBERTY STREET, - PITTSBURGH.

WHOLESALE
JANNEY & ANDREWS,
123 Market St.
PHILADA.
GROCERS

FRANK W. HAY,
WHOLESALE and RETAIL Manufacturer of TIN, COPPER and SHEET-IRON WARE, *Canal street*, below Clinton, *Johnstown, Pa.* A large stock constantly on hand.

GEORGE HUNTLEY,
Wholesale and Retail Dealer in
STOVES, HARDWARE, GROCERIES, &C.
EBENSBURG, PA.,

Is still Agent for the renowned Etna Mowing and Reaping Machine, as also for the celebrated *Clipper Mower and Reaper*, Stoner's superior Horse Hay Rake, the best in the market, Prout's Combined Horse Hay Fork and Knife, which cannot be beat, Stoner's Grain Drills, an article every farmer should have, Grain Fanning Mills, Corn Cultivators, Center Lever Plows, with iron or wood beams and handles, cast or steel mould-boards and land-sides; also, agent for the Blanchard Churn, the best churn now in use, and every one of which is warranted to give full satisfaction or no sale. Stoves and hardware of every description constantly on hand at low figures for cash. Farmers are requested to send in their orders early for *Mowers and Reapers, Horse Rakes* and *Forks*. Pamphlets containing descriptions and directions for *Mowers and Reapers* and *Churns* sent free on application to. *GEORGE HUNTLEY.*
Ebensburg, March 18, 1871.-4m.

REMOVAL AND ENLARGEMENT.
COOKING STOVES,
HEATING STOVES.
TIN, COPPER & SHEET-IRON WARE.

Having recently taken possession of the newly fitted up and commodious building on High street, two doors east of the bank and nearly opposite the Mountain House, the subscriber is better prepared than ever to manufacture all articles in TIN, COPPER and SHEET-IRON WARE line, all of which will be furnished to buyers at the very lowest living prices.
The subscriber also proposes to keep a full and varied assortment of
Cooking, Parlor and Heating Stoves
of the most approved designs.
☞ SPOUTING and ROOFING made to order and warranted perfect in manufacture and material. REPAIRING promptly attended to.
All work done by me will be done right and on fair terms, and all STOVES and WARE sold by me can be depended upon as to quality and cannot be undersold in price. A continuance and increase of patronage is respectfully solicited, and no effort will be wanting to render entire satisfaction to all.
VALLIE LUTRINGER.
Ebensburg, Oct. 13, 1870.-tf.

ESTABLISHED 1833.
LANE BRO'S,
SUCCESSORS to B. WOLFF, JR., & CO.,
Cor. Liberty and Sixth Sts.,
(Late St. Clair Street,)
PITTSBURGH, PA.,
Importers and Dealers in
HARDWARE
AND
CUTLERY,

Have now in Store the largest and best selected stock offered in the City.
Special Inducements offered to the Country Trade. [apr.8.-6m.]

MONONGAHELA FOUNDRY!
AND
MACHINE WORKS.
Anderson & Freyvogel,
Successors to S. S. Fowler,
Iron Founders and Mill Furnishers,
MANUFACTURERS OF
Grist, Saw Mill and White Lead Machinery; French Burr, Cocalico & Esop's Mill Stones (De Foure & Co.); German Anchor Brands Bolting Cloths; Water Wheels, Sinut Machines, Rolling Mill and other Machine Gearing, Pulleys, Hangers and Shafting.
No. 39 WATER STREET,
[2-12.] PITTSBURGH, PA. [3m.]

JUST LOOK AT THIS!!
Important to Real Estate Owners.

HAVING entered into partnership, the subscribers are now prepared to do all kind of work in their line, such as boring for WATER, OIL, COAL, ORE, and other MINERALS, making and setting NEW PUMPS and repairing old ones. We are also ready at all times to bore and lay PIPES and Tubing, and put in position the celebrated EXCELSIOR PUMP, the cheapest, most durable and satisfactory Pump for Wells and Cisterns now in use. This Pump will work in a Well thirty feet deep. We will at all times keep a supply of these Pumps on hand and can set them up and furnish them on short notice. Satisfaction guaranteed in quality and price of work, and water insured on any farm or lot of ground. Orders solicited and promptly attended to when length of Pump or kind of work desired is made known to us. For further information call on or address
STANLEY SWEIGHNER,
Feb. 25.-6m. Carrolltown, Cambria Co., Pa.

VALUABLE FARM NEAR LORETTO
FOR SALE.

The subscriber offers for sale on fair terms and easy payments, that most desirable and excellent FARM recently occupied by him, adjoining the Borough of Loretto, containing 140 Acres—100 Acres of which are in a good state of cultivation and the balance well timbered. There is a comfortable *House*, a good *Barn*, and an excellent *Orchard* on the premises; also, an abundance of *water*. It is a desirable property, beautifully located and convenient to churches, schools, market, etc. Title indisputable. For terms and other information apply to or address A. WALTERS.
Feb. 18.-tf. *Carrolltown, Cambria Co., Pa.*

FOR SALE OR RENT.

THE undersigned offers for sale or rent his STORE ROOM on HIGH Street, Ebensburg, three doors from Centre street, being on the south side of High street and opposite the Foster House. Said Store Room is a new building, 24x50 feet, two stories high, with good cellar under it. There are two back rooms, 20x30, upstairs and down, well finished inside. The building altogether is one of the best in Ebensburg for store purposes, and is decidedly the best located business stand in the town. Possession will be given immediately. For further information call upon or address
R. H. TUDOR,
Feb. 26, 1871.-tf. Ebensburg, Pa.

SHADOW PANTOMIMES.

Shadow pantomimes can be very easily arranged in parlors by following the simple directions: Fasten a sheet [illegible] across the space between the folding doors. The room in front of the sheet must be quite dark. The back room, where the performers operate, must be lighted by a stove or a large kerosene lamp, which stands on the floor. To determine the size of the required figures, let the actors stand with foot of the sheet, and carry the lamp forward or backward until the right focus is obtained. To make an actor descend from above, he must stand behind the lamp, and slowly over it. The audience will see first his head and then his whole body gradually appear, and by stepping backward, he can be made to disappear in the same manner. To throw an actor up out of sight, pass him slowly over the lamp, and bring him down again by reversing the process. A gentleman, or large boys, and one smaller one with one lady, are enough for most pantomimes; and the properties needed are easily cut from stiff pasteboard, when they cannot be readily obtained in the house. The subjects are manifold, but at first I will describe some of the simpler ones.

1. The barber's shop. The barber and his assistants descend from above, and come to the audience. Boy arranges chair, when gentleman enters; is placed in the chair, the boy, who proceeds to cover him with sheet and apply soap with a feather brush. Barber approaches with huge razor, which trips up barber, whose razor cuts off customer's head, which is done by quickly turning up his coat collar, and drawing it down through his neck. Consternation. They consult together and decide to throw the body up into the air, which they do, and then, making their bows, ascend out of sight.

2. The dentist. Same opening scene. A huge tooth is drawn with the tongs inside the patient's coat.

3. A duel, in which the swords can be seen through the actors by passing behind them.

4. Boxing match between a small man and a tall man. The one who falls is thrown up into the air, as before.

5. Witch going up on a broomstick, and stepping over the lamp.

6. The Grecian bend illustrated by an extravagantly pannered young lady.

7. Jack the giant-killer. The giant can grow or diminish by moving the lamp backward or forward; and Jack can slowly ascend the bean-stalk, which can first be shown and made to grow rapidly in the same manner.

A little practice will enable the professor to keep the scenes well in focus, and much amusement to both spectators and actors.

MODES OF COURTSHIP.—Taking it for granted that the declaration of the sentiment of love is a privilege of men, founded on nature and sanctioned by custom, the various modes of making their declaration and of accepting or refusing it by the women, were we able to give a perfect account of it, would make one of the most entertaining and curious parts of human history, and